

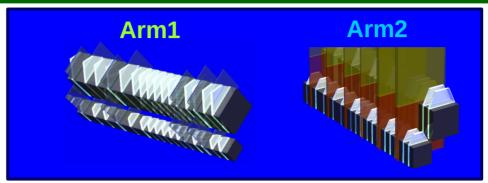
## Very-forward $\pi^0$ production cross section in proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV measured with the LHCf experiment

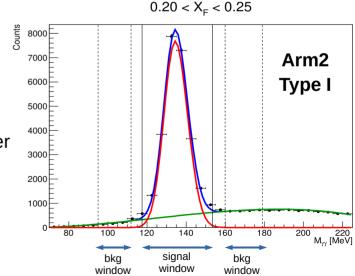
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## The LHCf experiment



- Two detectors ~140 m from the IP1 (ATLAS) along the beam line on opposite sides: Arm1 and Arm2
- Each detector is made of **two calorimeters** with thickness ~44  $X_0$  (~1.6  $λ_1$ ) and different transverse dimensions
- Measurement of **very forward** neutral particles (photons, neutrons,  $\pi^0$ )
- Experimental data in the very forward region fundamental for the tuning of hadronic interaction models
- "Type I"  $\pi^0$  events: one photon in each calorimeter "Type II"  $\pi^0$  event: two photons in the same calorimeter
- ▶ Invariant mass fit: signal  $\rightarrow$  asymmetric Gaussian, background  $\rightarrow$  3<sup>rd</sup> order polynomial
- Signal window:  $3\sigma$  within the peak Background windows:  $4\sigma$ - $7\sigma$  from the peak on both sides
- Unfolding procedure to correct selection efficiency and energy/position resolution effects





## π<sup>0</sup> p<sub>T</sub>-X<sub>E</sub> spectrum in p-p collisions at 13 TeV



- Good agreement between Arm1 and Arm2 data and between "Type I" and "Type II" events
- Arm2 acceptance covers the gaps in Arm1 data for X<sub>F</sub> < 0.6 and extends the low-p<sub>T</sub> coverage for X<sub>F</sub> > 0.6, while Arm1 extends the acceptance to higher p<sub>T</sub>

