



New result of Antideuteron search in BESS-Polar II

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NASA/GSFC/CRESST/UMBC

For **BESS** collaboration

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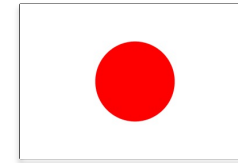


1 BESS collaboration

BESS is US-Japan collaborative program.



J. W. Mitchell (PI, US, NASA/GSFC)

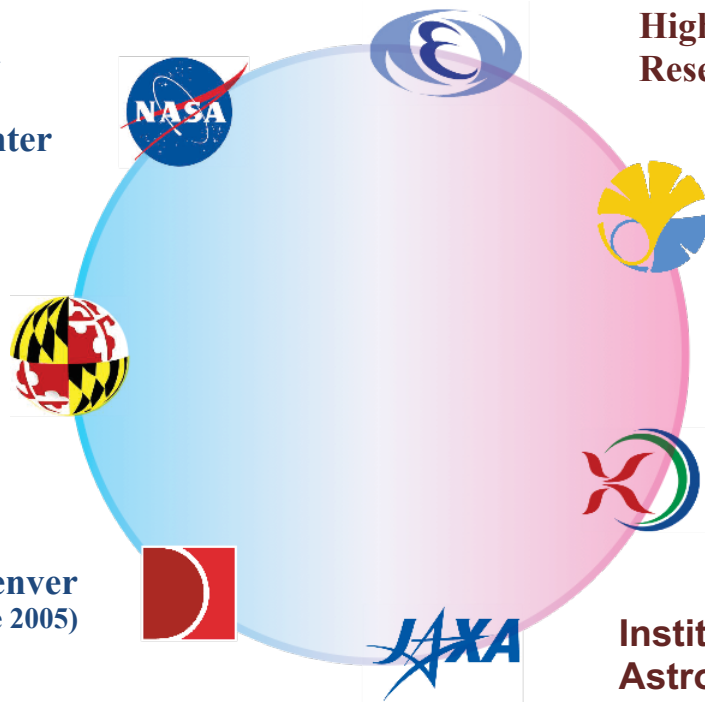


A. Yamamoto (PI, Japan, KEK)

National Aeronautical and
Space Administration /
Goddard Space Flight Center
(NASA/GSFC)

University of Maryland

University of Denver
(Since June 2005)



High Energy Accelerator
Research Organization (KEK)

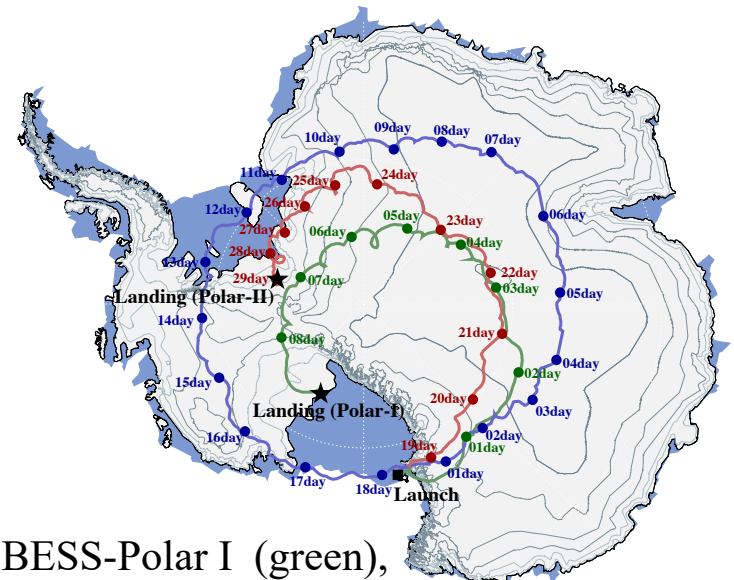
The University of Tokyo

Kobe University

Institute of Space and
Astronautical Science/JAXA

2 BESS-Polar I and II experiment

BESS-Polar I & II flights were carried out over Antarctica.



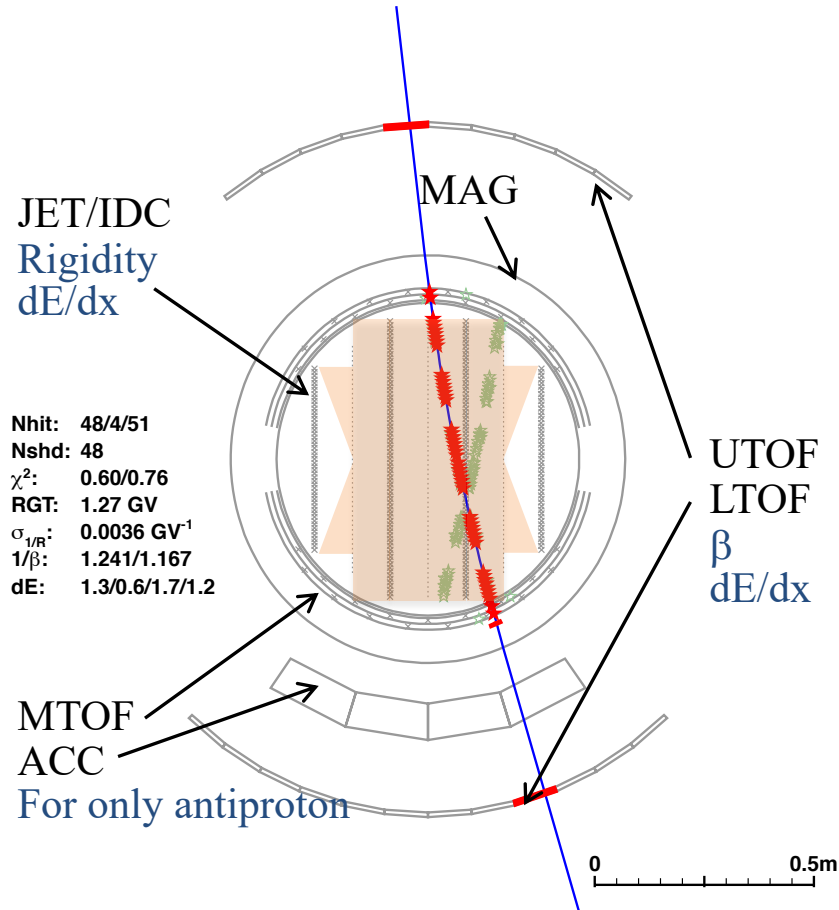
BESS-Polar I (green),
BESS-Polar II (1st :blue, 2nd :red)

	BESS-Polar I	BESS-Polar II
Launch date	Dec. 13 th ,2004	Dec. 23 rd , 2007
Observation time	8.5 days	24.5 days
Cosmic-ray observed	9×10^8 events	4.7×10^9 events
Flight altitude	37~39km (5~4g/cm ²)	~36km (6~5g/cm ²)

3 BESS spectrometer

BESS-Polar II

bessp_ext_PaperRB01_J_DevTest13Ext.root
 Event Time: 12.02.57.096
 Run: 000 Event: 006578 (C3) Size: 2887 FADC: 1934 FEND: 904
 Trigger: 001001011 JET: 71 IDC: 4 UTOF: 1 MTOF: 2 LTOF: 1



Event display with reconstructed proton track is shown.

Rigidity (MDR:200GV)

Solenoid: Uniform field ($\phi=0.9\text{m}$, $B=0.8\text{T}$)
 Thin material ($2.4\text{ g/cm}^2/\text{wall}$)

Drift chamber: Redundant hits
 ($\sigma\sim 150\mu\text{m}$, $32\sim 48+4\text{hits}$)

Charge, Velocity

TOF, Chamber: dE/dx measurement
 ($Z = 1, 2, \dots$)

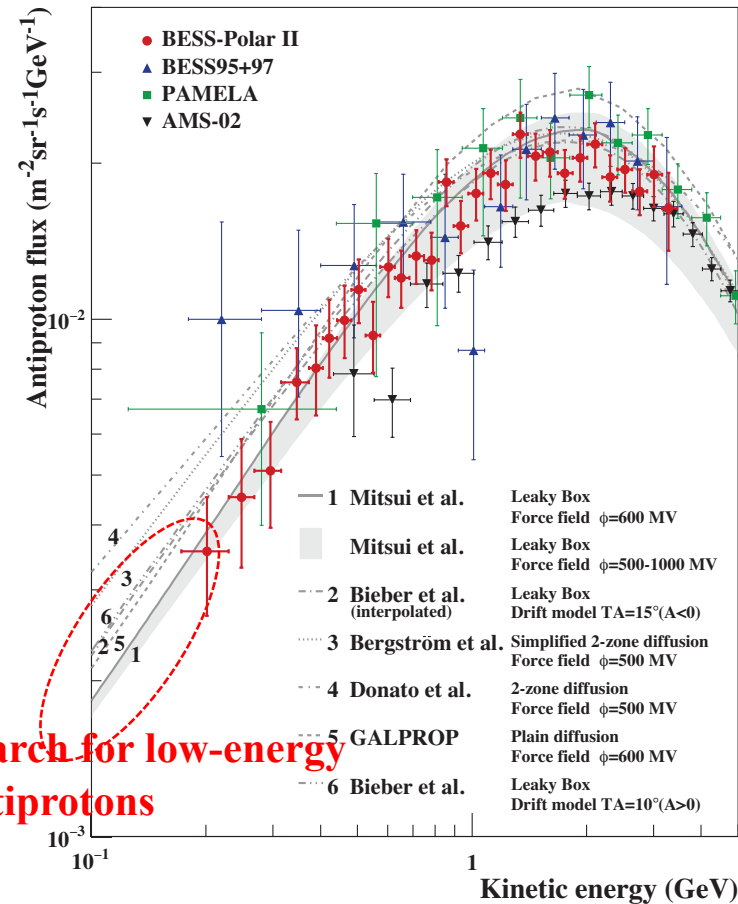
TOF: $1/\beta$ measurement ($\sigma\sim 1,2\%$)

$$m = ZeR\sqrt{1/\beta^2 - 1}$$

4 Which particles are good probes for searching exotic sources?

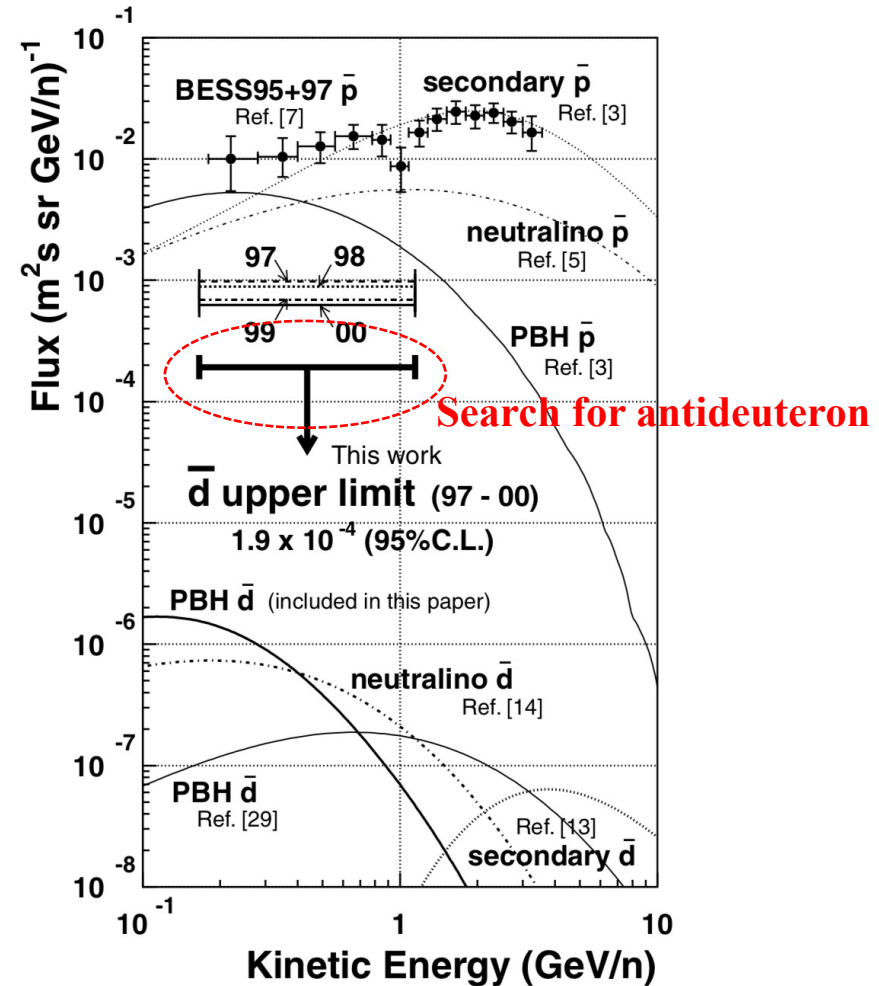
Antiproton

BESS-Polar II
PRL 108, 051102 (2012)



Antideuteron

BESS 97-00
PRL 95, 081101 (2005)

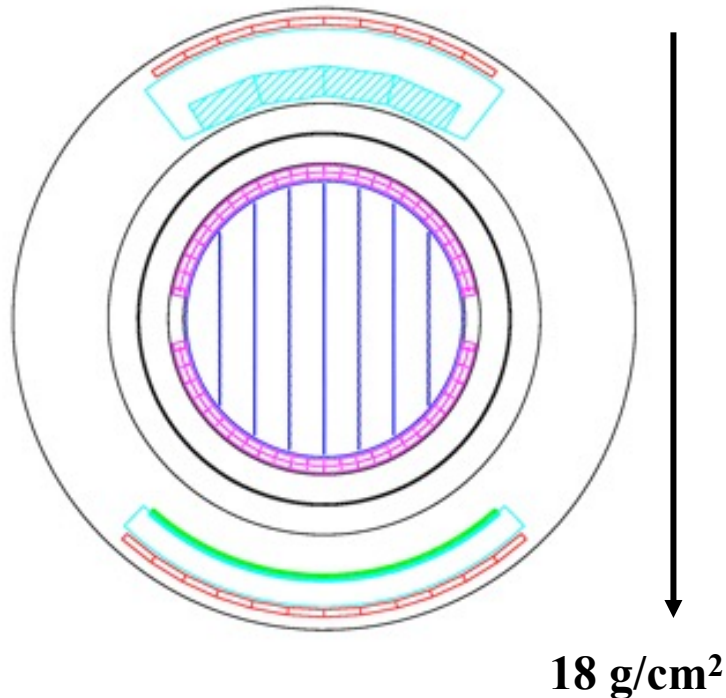


Very-low energy antiproton spectrum

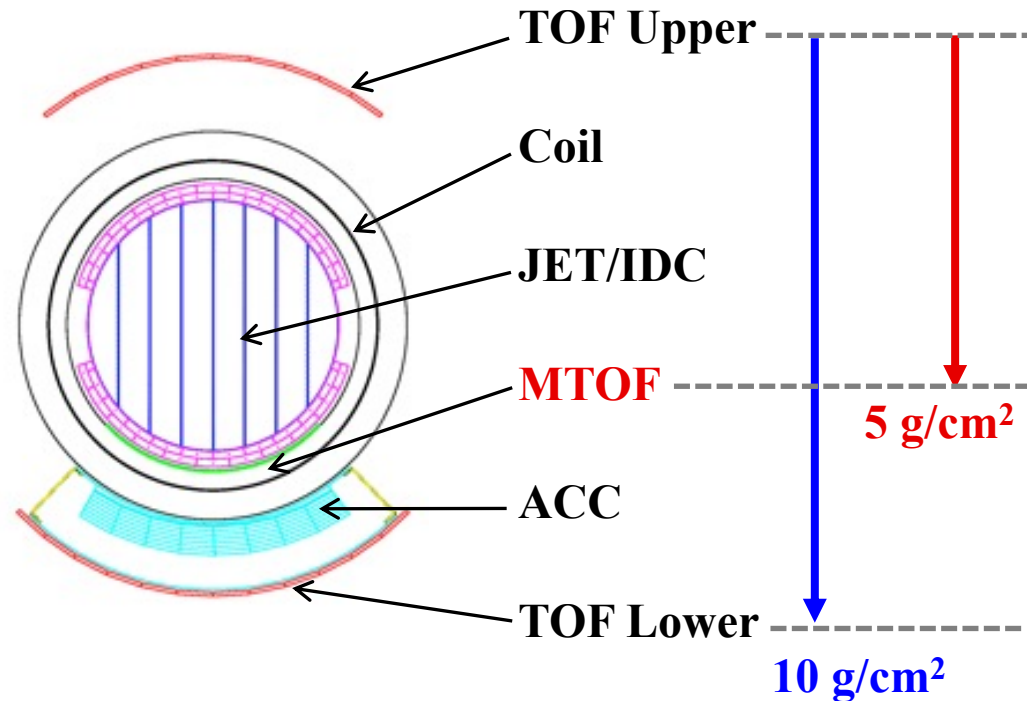
5 Minimizing Material in particle path

To minimize material in spectrometer: New detector (Middle TOF)

BESS-2000

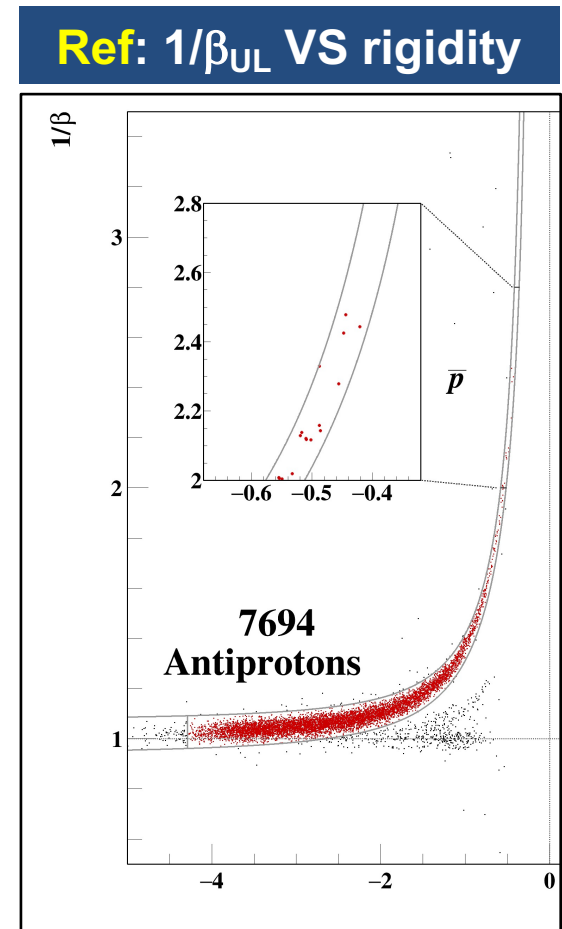
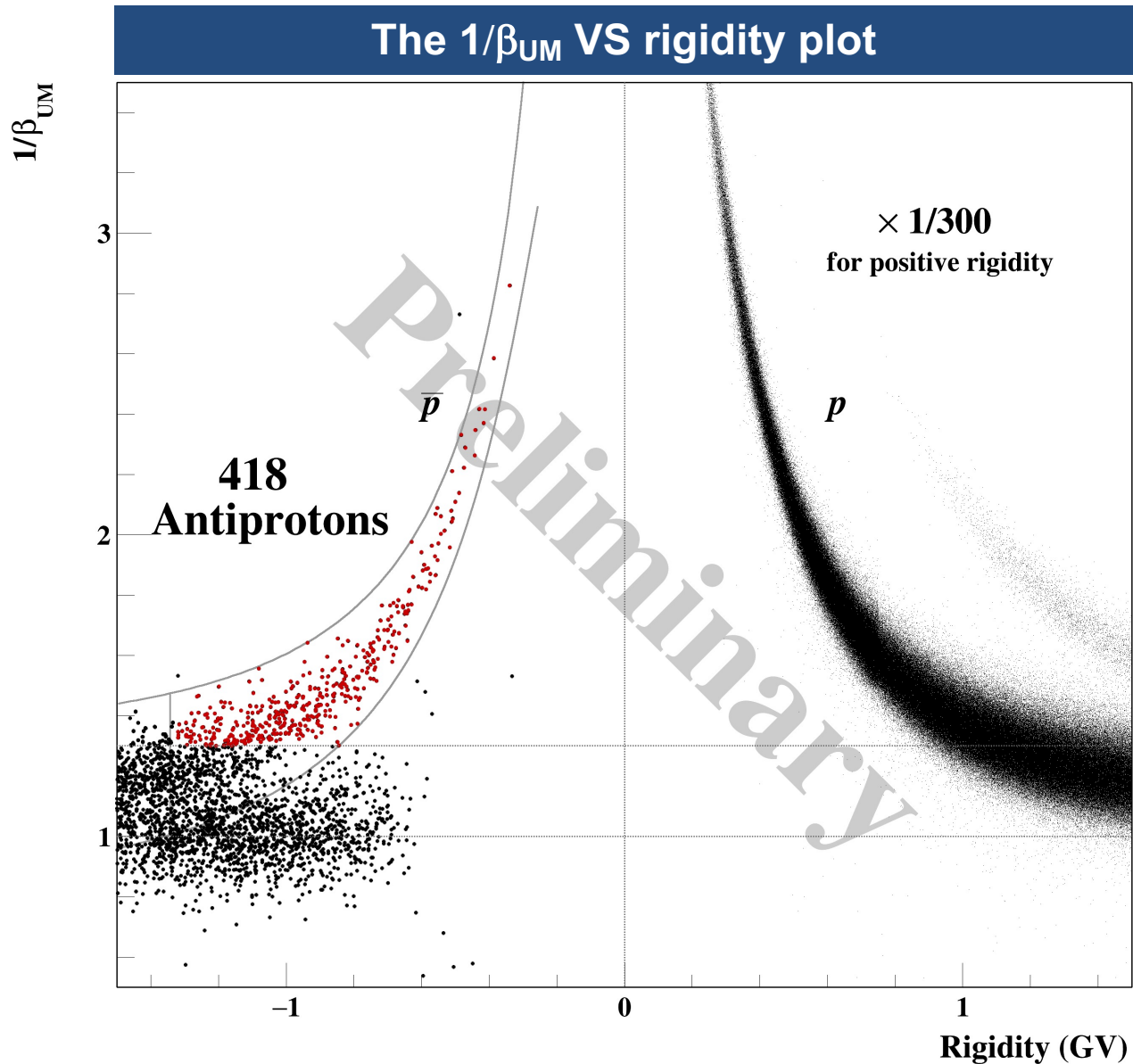


BESS-Polar

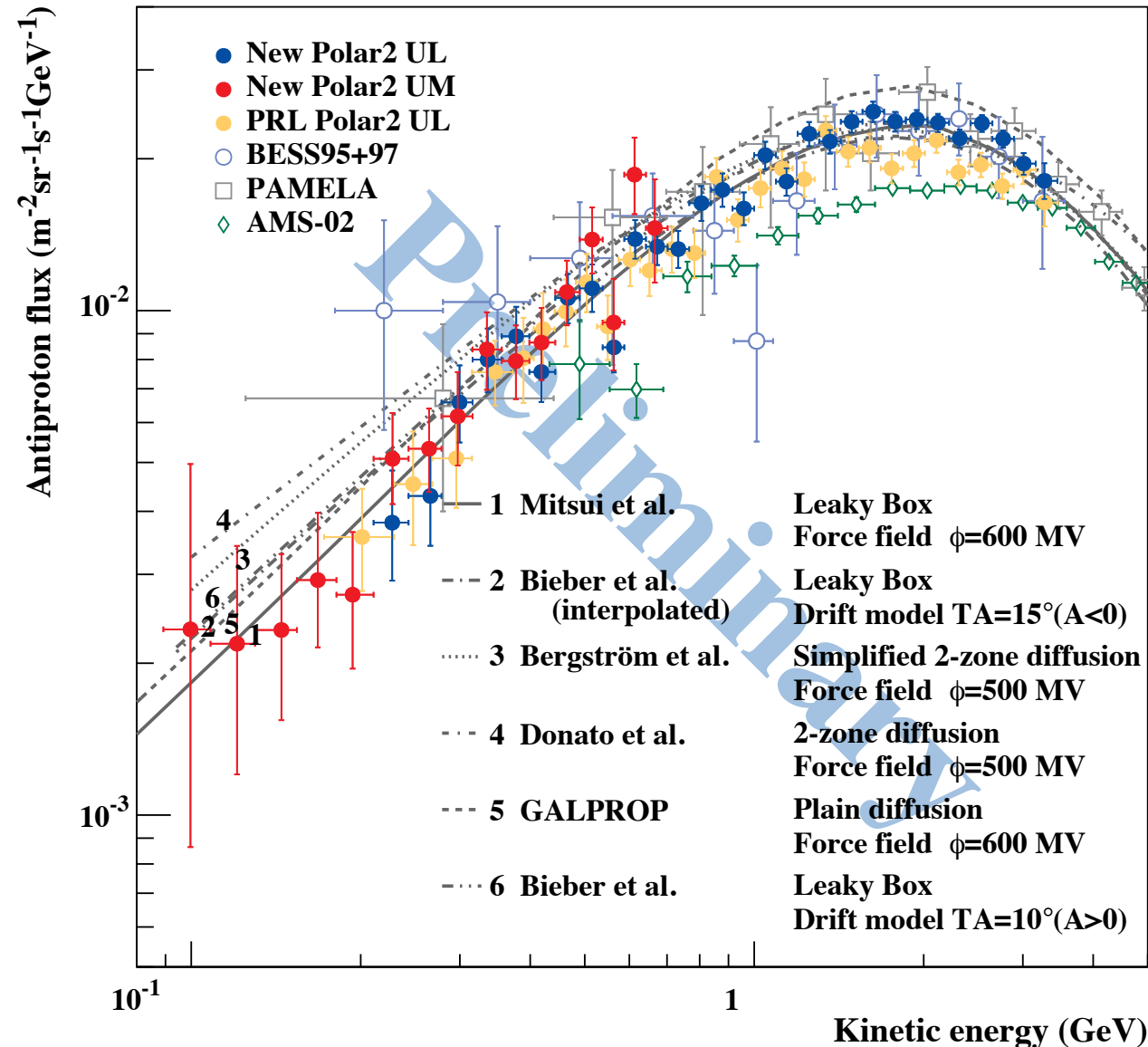


MTOF extends the energy range down to about 0.1 GeV.

6 Antiproton identification



7 Antiproton flux with UTOF-MTOF trigger events



New UM and UL absolute differential energy spectra of antiprotons measured by BESS-Polar II together with earlier published BESS-Polar II UL antiproton spectrum

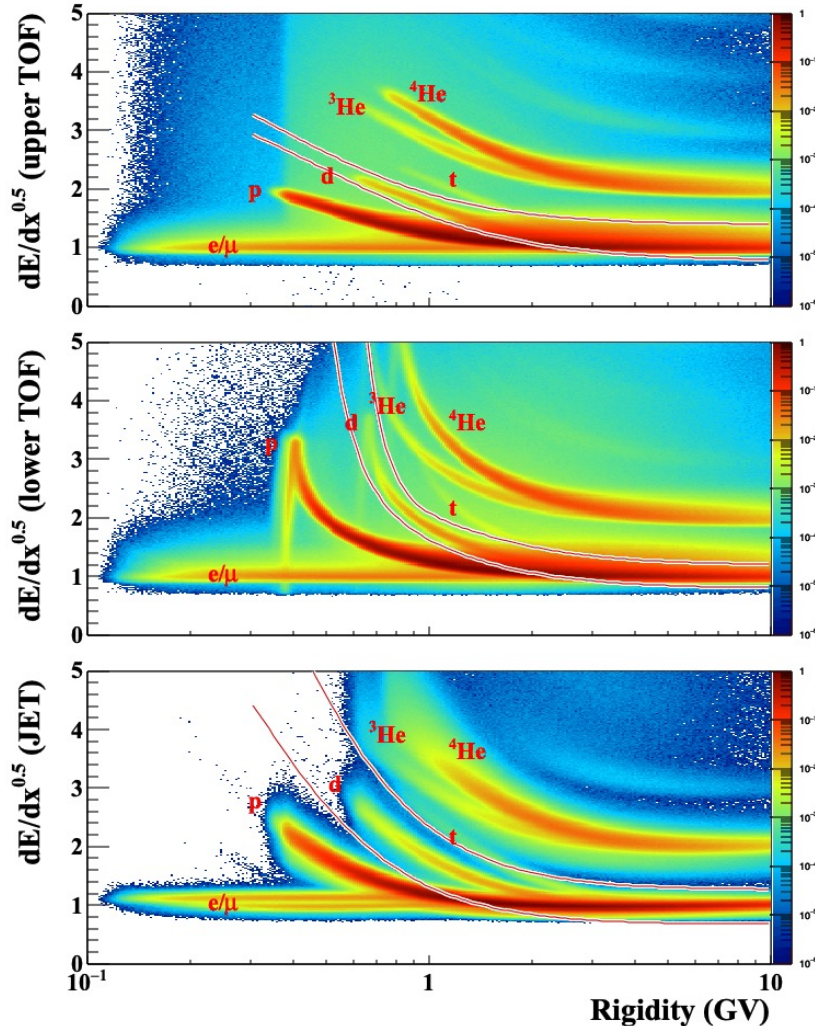
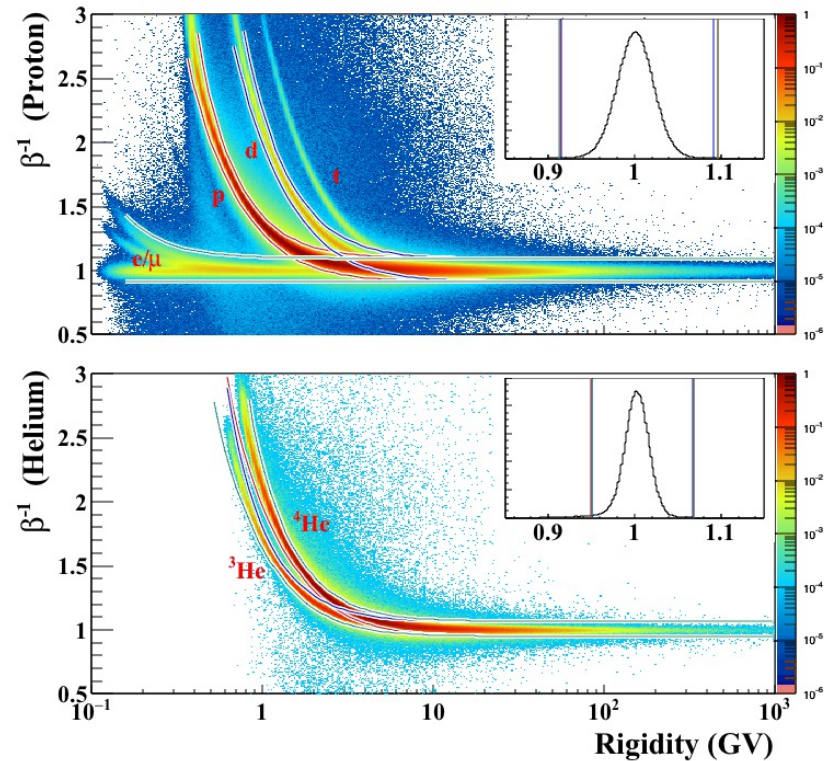
- UL antiproton flux: 0.2-3.5 GeV
- UM antiproton flux: 0.1-0.7 GeV

A systematic shift in antiproton flux was introduced by modified acceptance of Geant3 to Geant4.

Antideuteron search

8 Particle identification

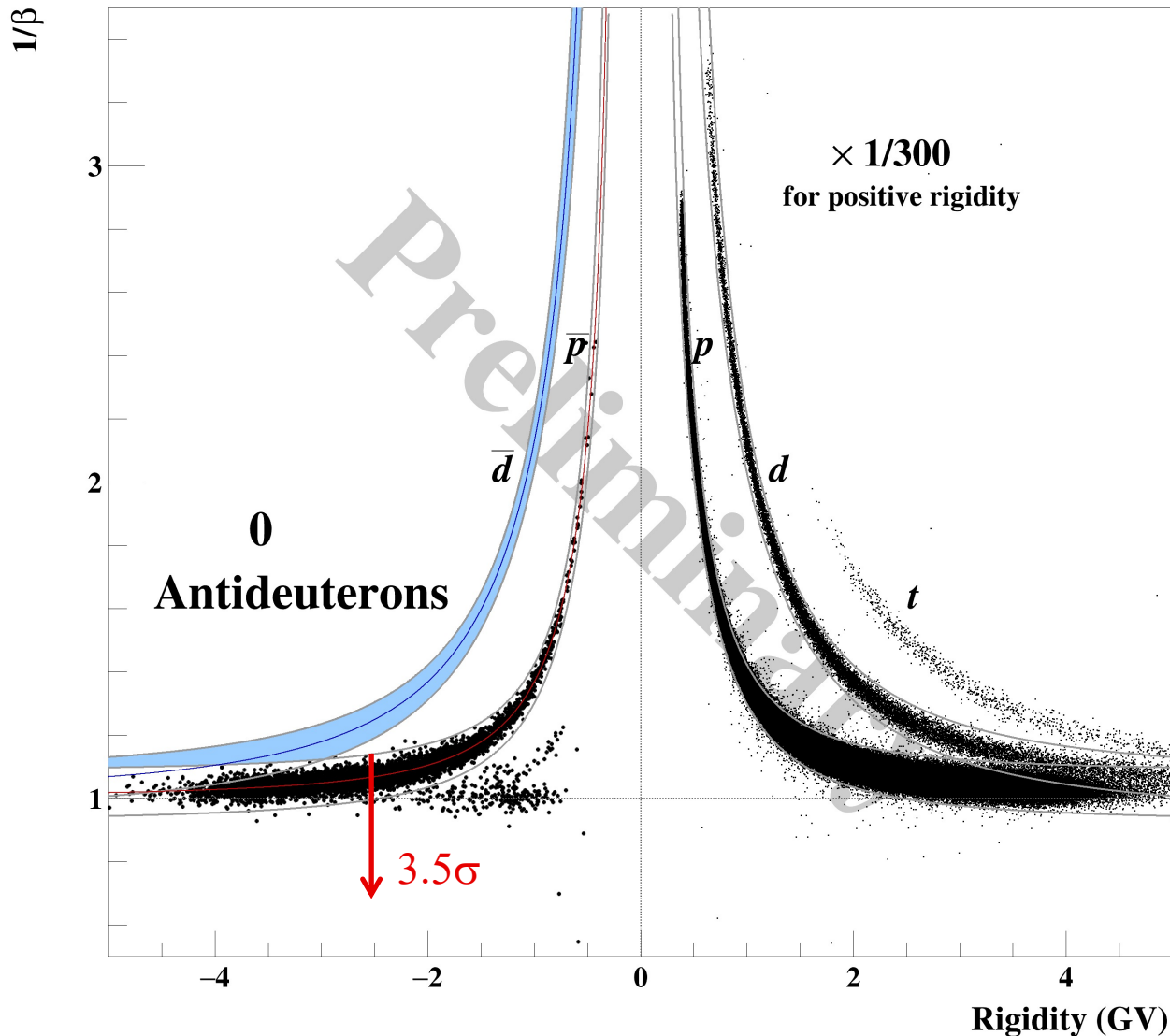
dE/dx

 $1/\beta$ 

In general, selection criteria of Dbar analysis are identical to that of Pbar analysis except for slightly strict cut of JET/IDC chamber, and ACC.

9 Antideuteron search

The $1/\beta_{UL}$ VS rigidity plot



The $1/\beta_{UL}$ VS rigidity plot and antideuteron's selection band.

- Signal region for antideuteron

Excluding 3.5σ region from antiproton center to prevent antiproton contamination

- No antideuteron candidate in BESS-Polar II data

10 Upper limit calculation

$$\Phi_{\bar{d}} dE = \frac{N_{obs}}{S\Omega \cdot T_{live}} \frac{1}{\varepsilon_{single} \cdot \varepsilon_{Q-ID}} \frac{1}{\eta} \frac{1}{(1 - \delta_{sys})}$$

N_{obs} : Number of Observed candidate = 3.1

$S\Omega$: Geometrical acceptance

T_{live} : Live time

ε_{single} : Single track efficiency

ε_{Q-ID} : Detector selection efficiencies

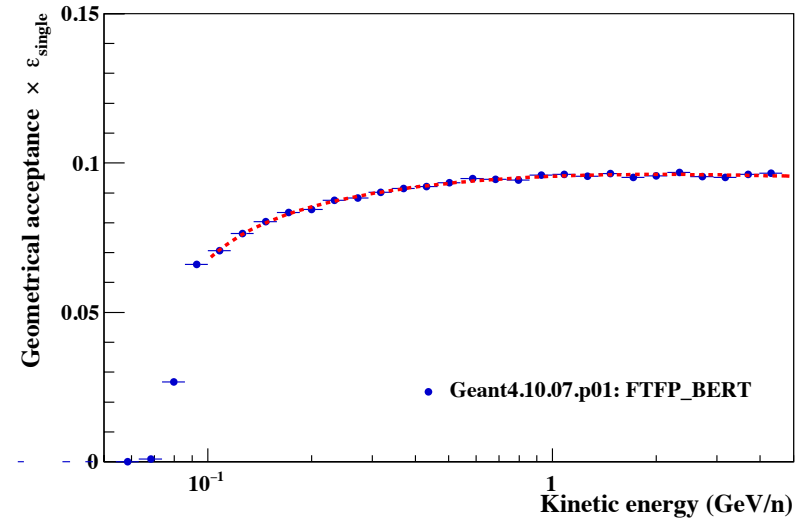
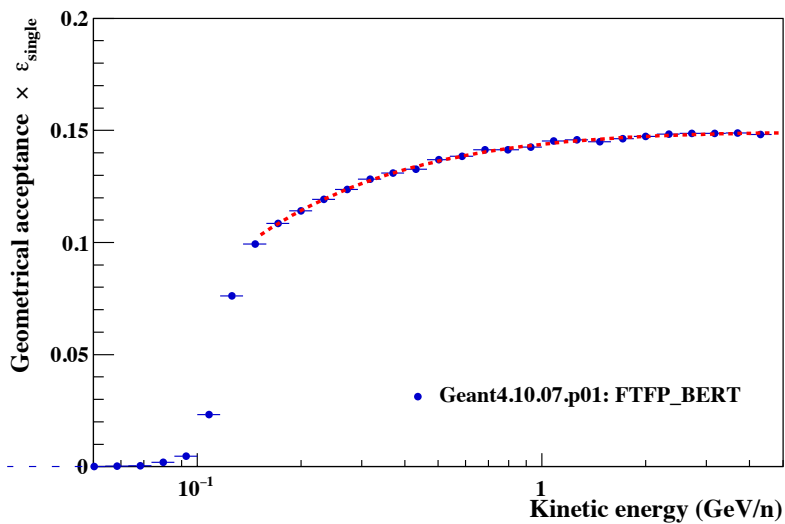
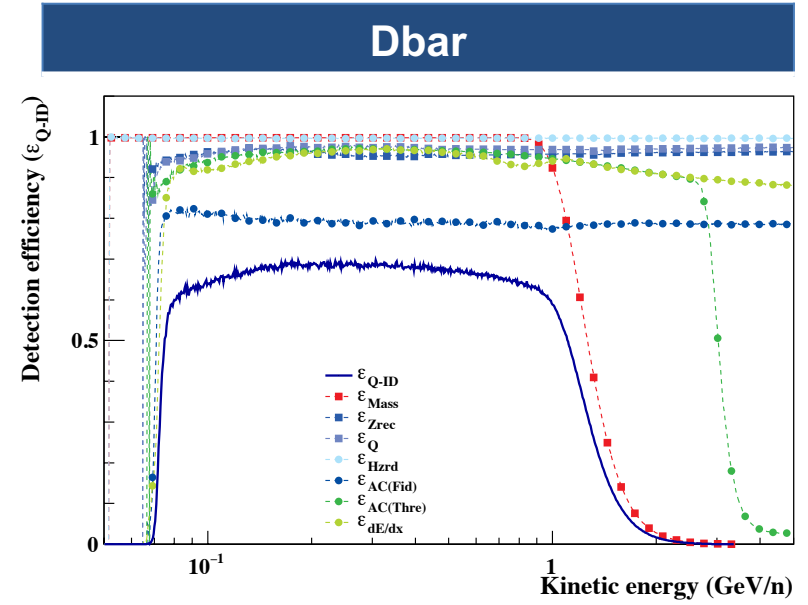
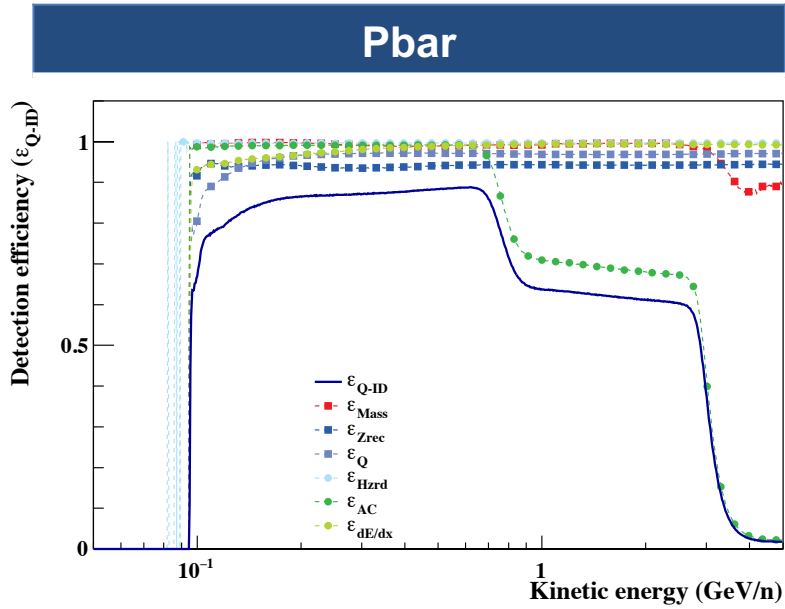
η : Survival fraction through atmosphere

δ_{sys} : Systematic error

- Since no antideuteron was found, 3.1 was taken as the number of the observed antideuteron events for the calculation of 95% C.L. upper limit.
- In order to obtain the most conservative limit, the minimum value of the effective exposure factors ($S\Omega \cdot T_{live} \cdot \varepsilon_{single} \cdot \varepsilon_{Q-ID} \cdot \eta$) was used.

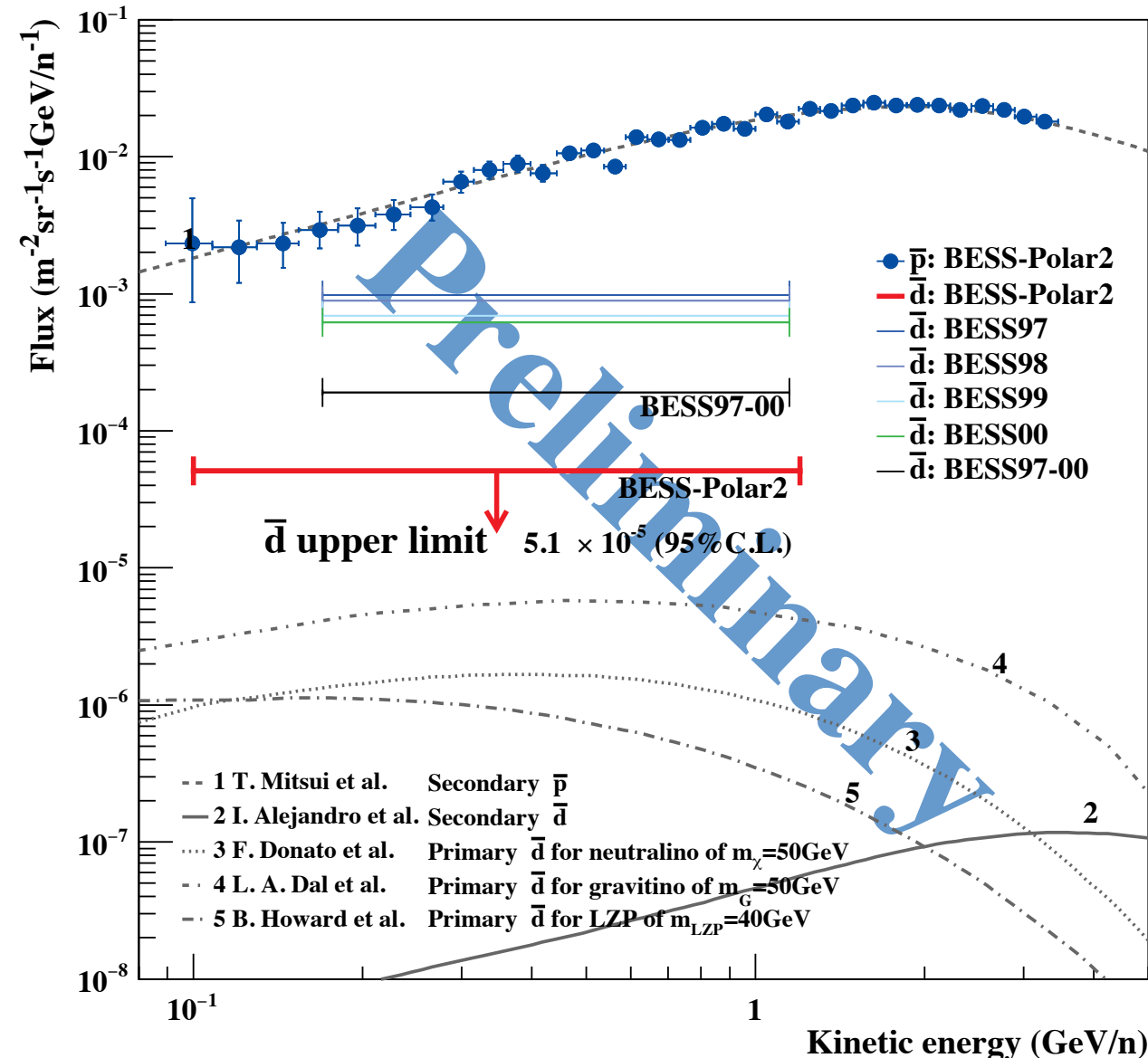
11 Detector efficiencies/Acceptance

$$\Phi_{\bar{d}} dE = \frac{N_{obs}}{S\Omega \cdot T_{live}} \frac{1}{\epsilon_{single}} \frac{1}{\epsilon_{Q-ID}} \frac{1}{\eta} \frac{1}{(1 - \delta_{sys})}$$



12 Upperlimit of Antideuteron flux

$$\Phi_{\bar{d}} dE = \frac{N_{obs}}{S\Omega \cdot T_{live}} \frac{1}{\epsilon_{single}} \frac{1}{\epsilon_{Q-ID}} \frac{1}{\eta(1 - \delta_{sys})}$$



Upper limit on antideuteron flux measured by BESS-Polar II together with earlier published BESS97-00 antideuteron upper limit

$$J(\bar{d}) < 5.1 \times 10^{-5} \text{ (m}^2\text{sr sec GeV/n)}^{-1} \text{ (95\%C.L.)}$$

- Compared with the data taken in the solar minimum (BESS97), order of magnitude improvement has been achieved.

13 Summary

Very-low energy antiproton spectrum

- MTOF extends the energy range down to about 0.1 GeV.
- **418 antiprotons** within UTOF-MTOF triggered events in BESS-Polar II.
- New UM antiproton flux in the range 0.1 to 0.7 GeV shows good **consistency with secondary calculations**.

Antideuteron search

- **No antideuteron candidate** in BESS-Polar II.
- New preliminary upper limit $J(d) < 5.1 \times 10^{-5} \text{ (m}^2\text{sr sec GeV/n)}^{-1}$ (95%C.L.)
 - 3.1 was taken as the number of the observed antideuteron events for the calculation of 95% C.L. upper limit.
- Compared with the data taken in the solar minimum (BESS97), order of magnitude improvement has been achieved.