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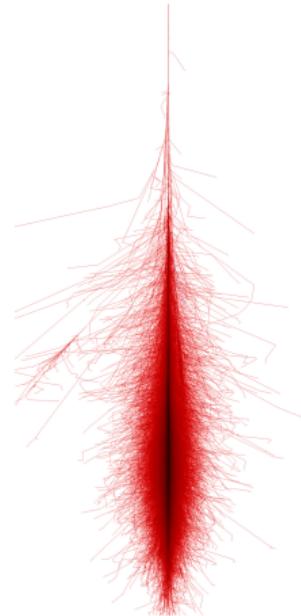
# Electromagnetic Shower Simulation for CORSIKA 8

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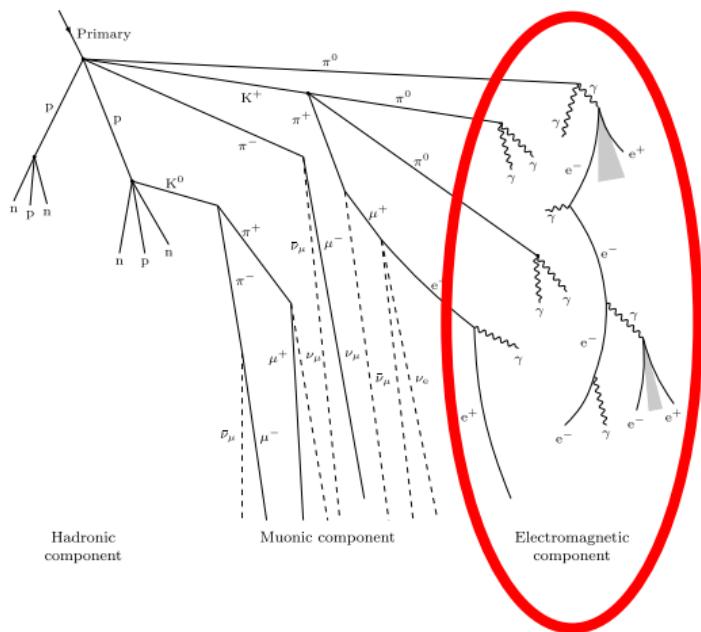
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Lars Bollmann, Wolfgang Rhode, Maximilian Sackel, Alexander Sandrock,  
Jan Soedingrekso, Enrique Zas



- CORSIKA is the leading framework used to simulate extensive air showers
- **CORSIKA 8:** Complete rewrite in C++17 which is currently under development
  - flexibility
  - modularity
  - state-of-the art code base
  - [gitlab.ikp.kit.edu/AirShowerPhysics/corsika](https://gitlab.ikp.kit.edu/AirShowerPhysics/corsika)



→ For more about the development of CORSIKA 8, see for example the contribution "Status of the novel CORSIKA 8 air shower simulation framework"

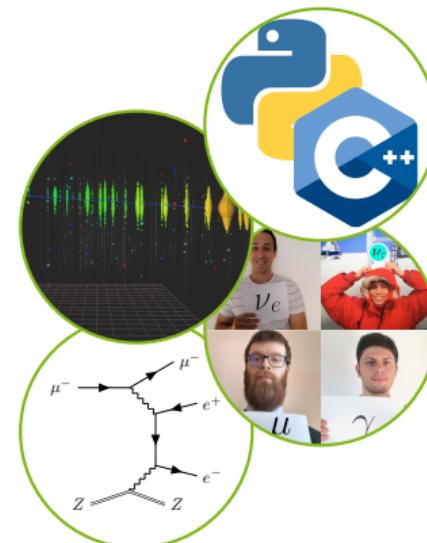


- In previous CORSIKA versions, the EM shower component is simulated using **EGS4**
  - Fortran code released in early eighties
- Requirements for EM interaction model for CORSIKA 8:
  - Modern and actively maintained code
  - Up-to-date physics parametrizations
  - Customizable

Source: PoS ICRC2015 (2016) 304

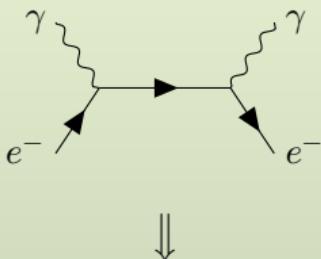
## What is PROPOSAL?

- PROPOSAL: Software library to propagate high-energy leptons and photons
- Written in C++14, callable from Python as well
  - Try: `pip install proposal`
- Customizable for wide range of applications
  - Selection of different parametrizations for each physical process
- Actively maintained
  - Visit our GitHub: <https://github.com/tudo-astroparticlephysics/PROPOSAL>



## PROPOSAL

→ Provides cross sections



→ Provides propagation utilities

$$\lambda = \left( \int \frac{d\sigma}{dv} dv \right)^{-1}$$

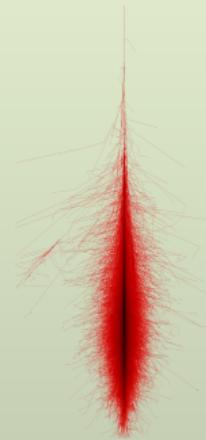
interaction lengths

stochastic losses

multiple scattering

## CORSIKA 8

→ Provides shower simulation framework



→ For more about the modules in PROPOSAL, see J. Phys. Conf. Ser. 1690, 012021 (2020)

- Goal: Validate current status of CORSIKA 8 (version tagged **icrc-2021**)
  - Compare electromagnetic shower component in CORSIKA 8 with other frameworks

### CORSIKA 7

- Predecessor of CORSIKA 8
- Version **7.7410**

### ZHS MC

- Code to simulate electromagnetic showers in homogeneous media ([10.1103/PhysRevD.45.362](https://doi.org/10.1103/PhysRevD.45.362))
- Version **2006 Multimedia**

### AIRES

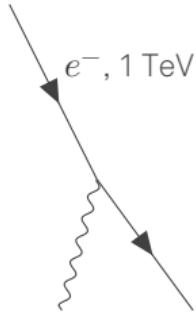
- Tool to simulate full particle showers ([10.13140/RG.2.2.12566.40002](https://doi.org/10.13140/RG.2.2.12566.40002))
- Version **19.04.00**

## Comparison of theoretical descriptions

	CORSIKA 8	CORSIKA 7	ZHS MC	AIRES
bremsstrahlung	Koch & Motz	Koch & Motz	Stanev & Vankov	Rossi & Greisen
pair production	Tsai	Koch & Motz	Stanev & Vankov	Rossi & Greisen
ionization	Berger & Seltzer	Berger & Seltzer	Berger & Seltzer	(Fit to GEANT3)
photohadronic	✗	✓	✗	(✓)
scattering	Highland	Highland + Stochastic	Highland	Highland + Coulomb

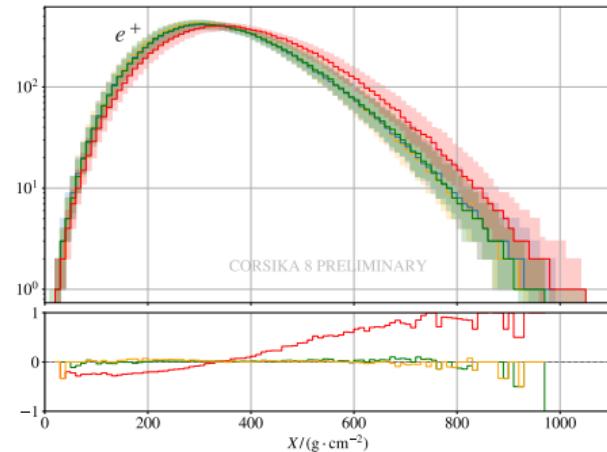
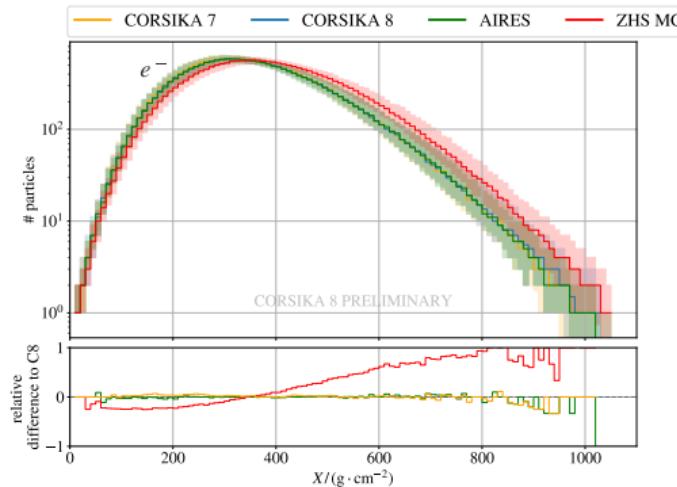
→ See our proceeding for all comparisons

## Simulation parameters



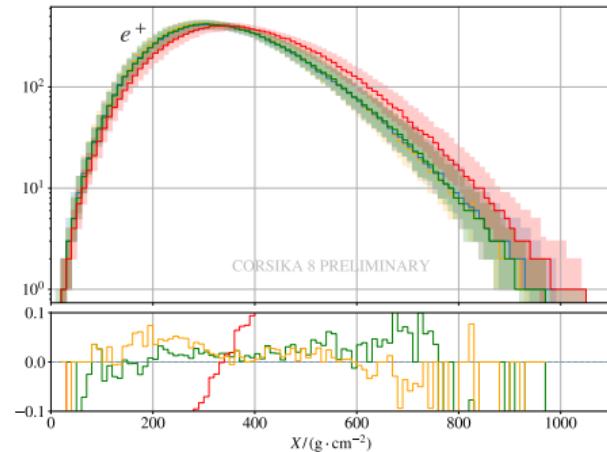
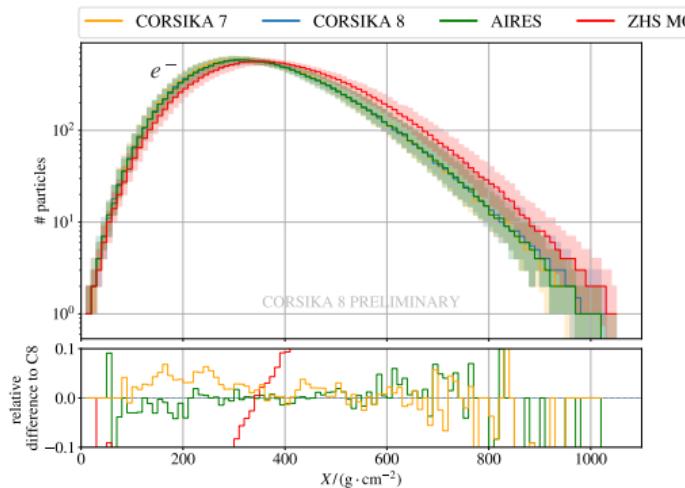
- Statistics of 200 showers
- Simulations in inhomogeneous air for CORSIKA 8, CORSIKA 7 and AIRES
- Simulations in homogeneous air for CORSIKA 8, AIRES and ZHS
- Particle threshold: 4 MeV
- Energy loss cut: 2 MeV
  - ⇒ All frameworks have been adjusted to conform with these settings (except CORSIKA 7 energy loss cuts)

## Longitudinal shower development



- shower maximum for ZHS shifted towards larger depths

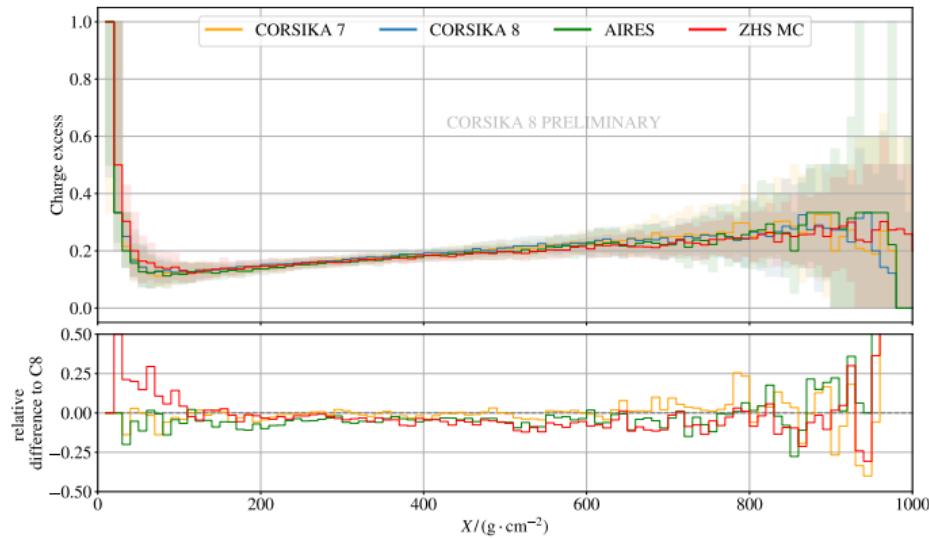
## Longitudinal shower development



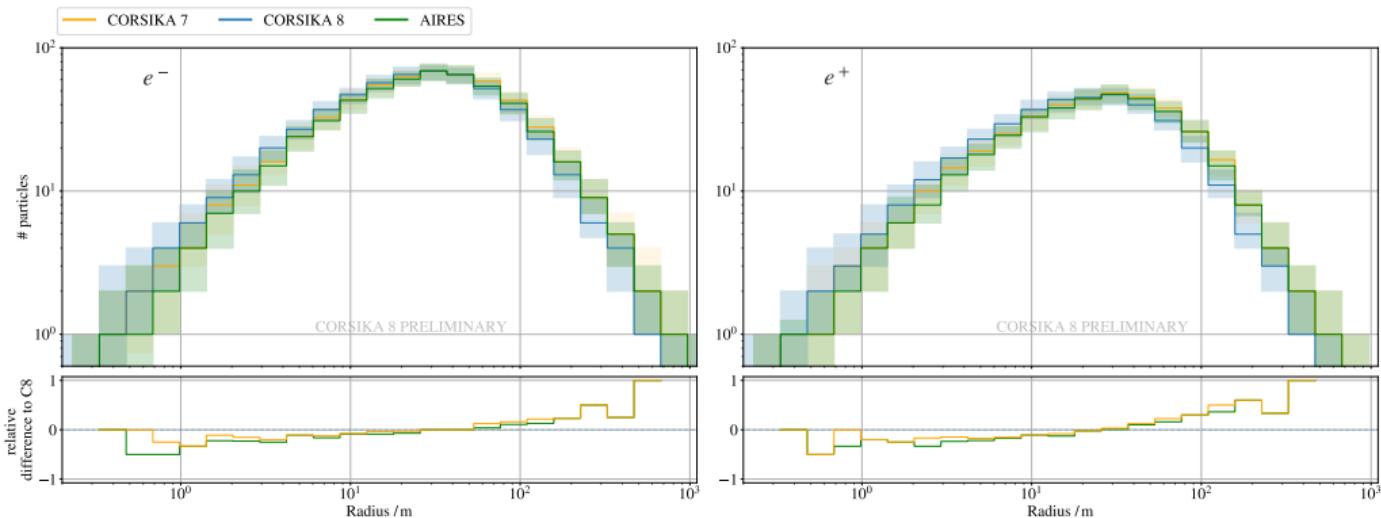
- agreement of C7, C8 and AIRES within 5 % at the shower maximum
- Possible differences in cross sections

## Longitudinal development of the charge excess

- Charge excess:  $\frac{N_{e-} - N_{e+}}{N_{e-} + N_{e+}}$
- Effect caused by ionization, annihilation and Compton scattering
- Relevant for radio emission in air showers
- Effect clearly visible and consistent for all frameworks

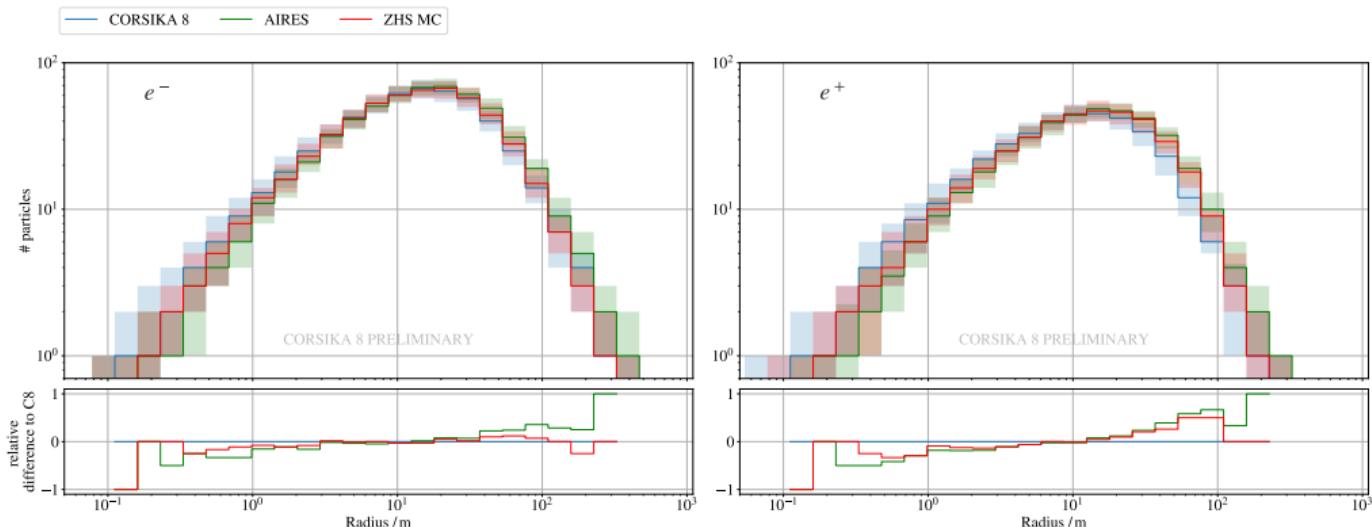


## Lateral shower development



- Simulation in **inhomogeneous** atmosphere, observation level set to  $X_{\max}$  (8600 m)
- Distribution for CORSIKA 8 shifted towards the shower axis

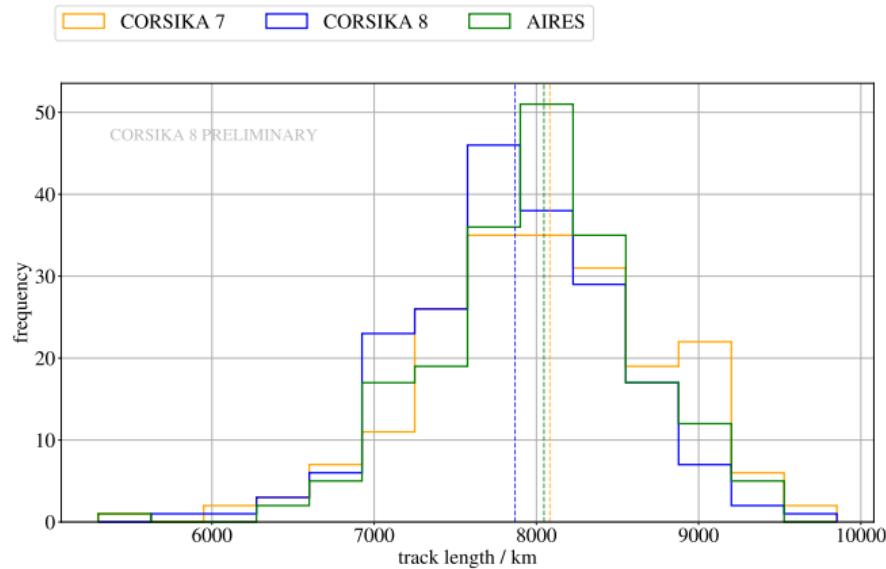
## Lateral shower development



- Simulation in **homogeneous** atmosphere, observation level set to  $X_{\max}$
- Distribution for CORSIKA 8 shifted towards the shower axis
  - Scattering description in CORSIKA 8 not yet complete

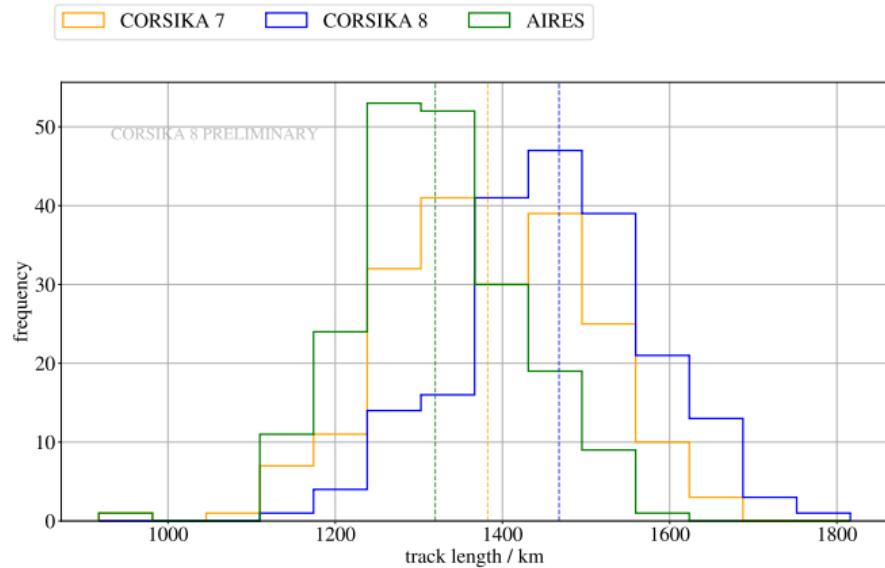
## Track lengths

- Observable: Summed length of all  $e^-$  and  $e^+$  tracks
- Shapes of distributions agree



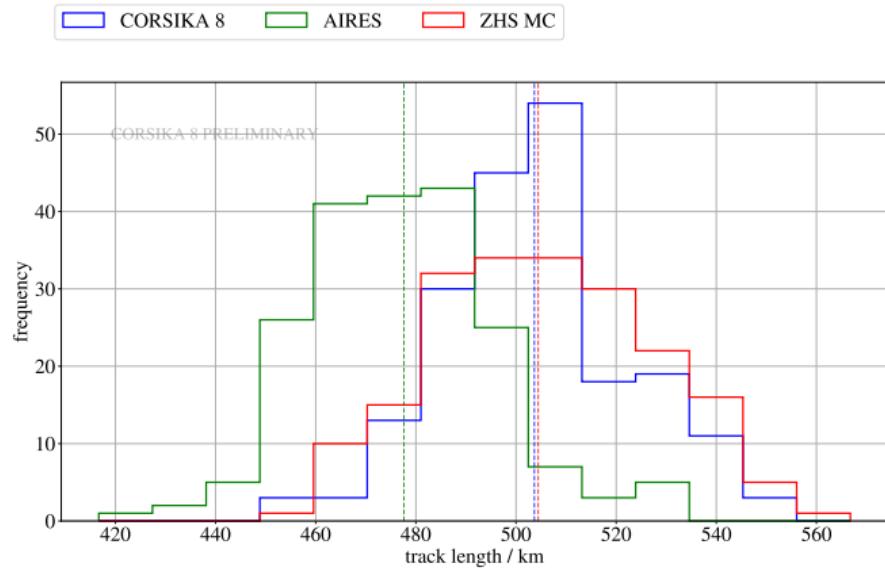
## Track lengths

- Observable: Projected excess track length
- Sum of  $e^-$  track lengths minus sum of  $e^+$  track lengths, each projected onto shower axis
- Important quantity for radio emission in air showers
- Displacement of distributions visible



## Track lengths

- Observable: Projected excess track length
- Simulation in homogeneous air



## Summary

- First systematic comparisons of the EM shower component simulated in CORSIKA 8
  - First results are promising
  - Most observed differences are within a 10 % range

## Outlook

- Investigations of the observed differences
- Improvements for the electromagnetic interaction model in CORSIKA 8
  - Photohadronic interactions
  - LPM effect in inhomogeneous media
  - Scattering and deflections
- Further cross checks with other frameworks, also under different conditions (energies, media, cuts, ...)
- Runtime comparisons and optimizations