Particle acceleration in winds of stellar clusters: executive summary

Context:

- * Several massive stellar clusters have been associated to gamma-ray sources, suggesting that they could contribute to the bulk of Galactic component of cosmic rays.
- * Where those particles are accelerated?

Method:

* We investigated the spectrum of protons accelerated at the termination shock of stellar winds, developing a technique to solve the transport equation in spherical symmetry able to account for *space-dependent* wind velocity and *space-* and *energy-dependent* particle diffusion.

Results:

- * We show that the maximum energy can reach the PeV for very massive stellar cluster under the assumption that few percent of the wind kinetic energy is converted into magnetic turbulence and that diffusion is close to *Bohm*.
- * The spatial profile of the accelerated particles is also presented and discussed
 - important to predict the morphology of gamma-ray emission
 - f_{CR} inside the bubble is flat at low energies; the ~1/r shape inferred from some analysis is difficult to recover