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Simulations and background estimates for the DAMIC-M experiment

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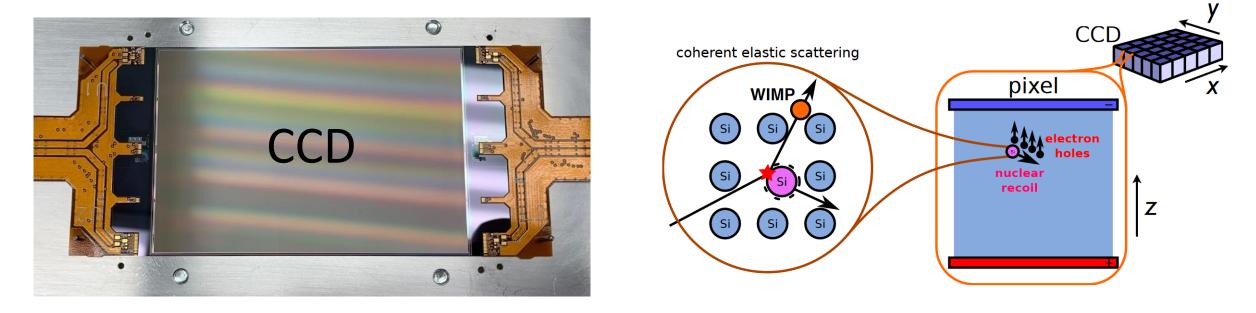
SUBATECH, IMT Atlantique, Université de Nantes, CNRS-IN2P3



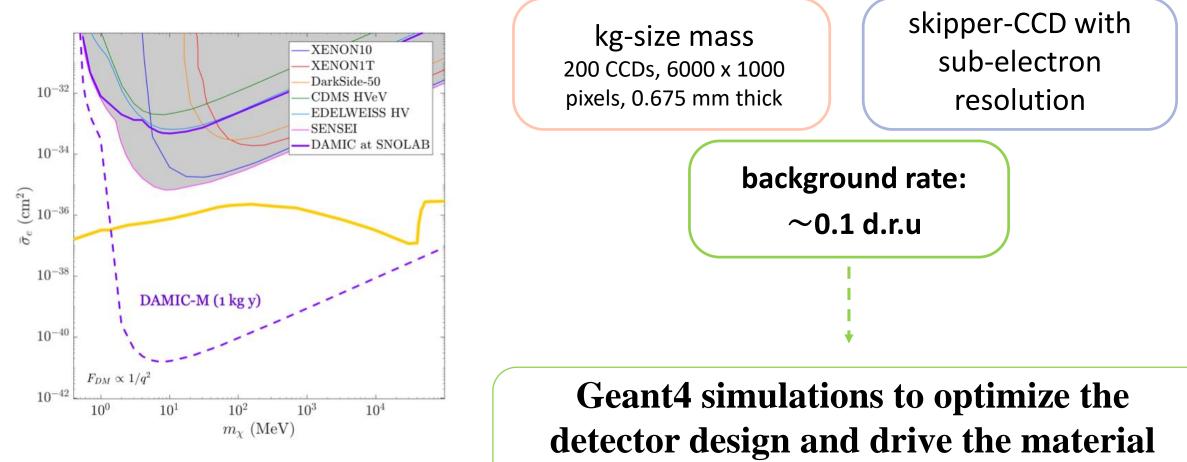


DAMIC-M: Dark Matter in CCDs at Modane

- Near-future experiment
- Aim: search for low-mass dark matter particles in Charge Coupled Devices (CCDs) via their interaction with Si nucleus or electrons
- Location: Laboratoire Souterrain de Modane (LSM), France, under 1700 m of rock.

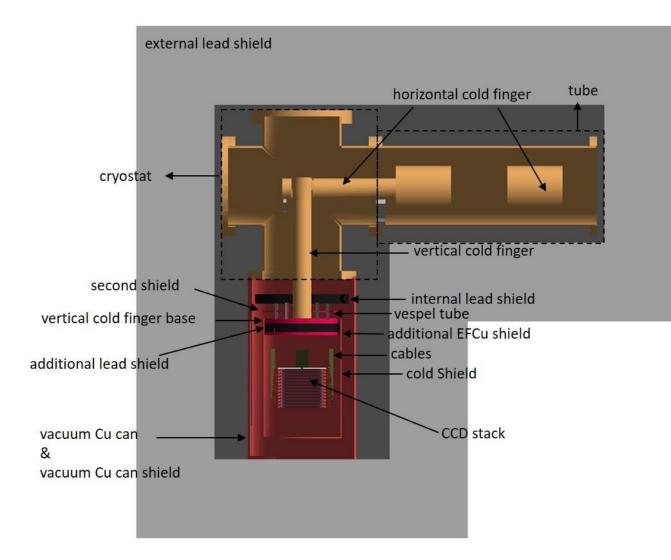


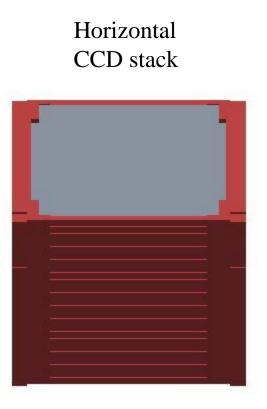
DAMIC-M Novelties



selection and handling.

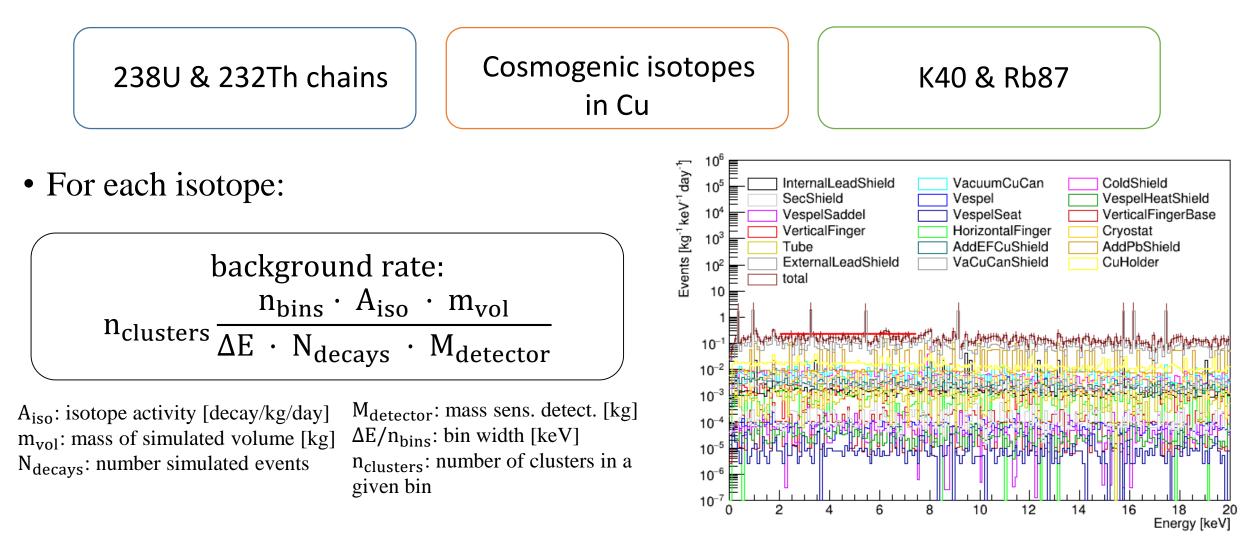
Detector design in Geant4 (baseline design)





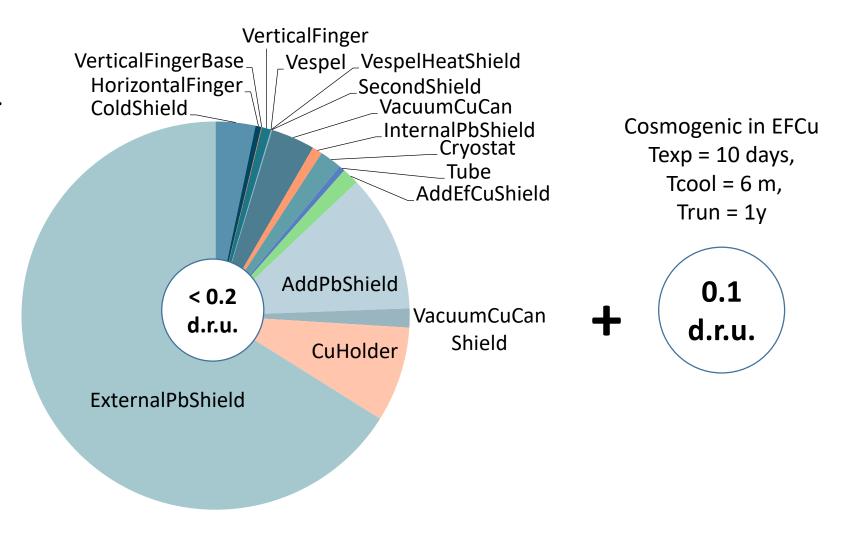
Results: energy spectra and background estimate

• Radioactive isotopes uniformly simulated in the bulk of the detector components:



Results (II): Main background contributors

- Copper holder and cables: major background contributors.
- The external lead shield contribution is an upper limit. Measurements of the isotopes' activities are required.
- Substantial contribution from cosmogenic activation of EF copper. Control and reduction of the exposure time to cosmic rays is crucial.



Outlook

- Precise measurements of radiogenic isotope activities in all materials. A screening campaign is scheduled.
- Detector storage and handling underground.
- Finalized DAMIC-M detector design and simulations coming soon.
- A prototype (Low Background Chamber, LBC) will be installed at LSM in 2021 for detector study in low background environment and preliminary physics results. Validity of simulations may be tested in an unexplored low energy region



