

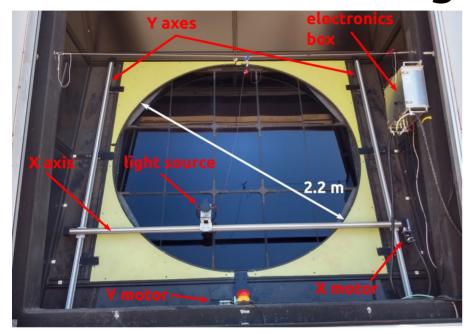
# The XY Scanner

# A Versatile Method of the Absolute End-to-End Calibration of Fluorescence Detectors

Christoph M. Schäfer for the Pierre Auger Collaboration



# The XY-Scanner Stage



## XY Scanner System

- Compact light source is moved by the XY-scanner system across aperture opening
- Motorized positioning system
  - Two vertical linear stages permanently fixed at telescope
  - one horizontal linear stage
  - Sub-millimeter relative precision
  - Auto-correction of missed steps

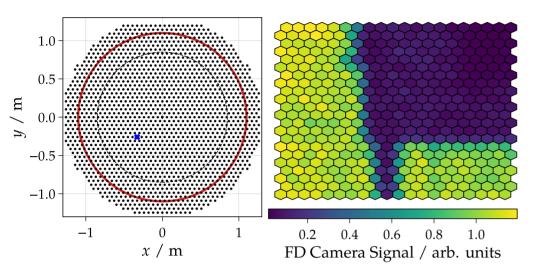
## Portable Light Source

- General purpose integrating sphere (ø 13.5 cm)
  - Temperature stabilized LED,  $\lambda = 365$  nm
- Internal photo-diode monitors pulse-to-pulse stability
- Intensity calibrated in the laboratory at 3.5% level





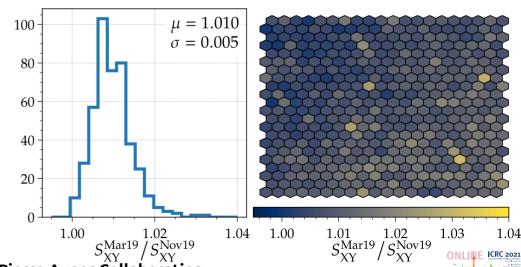
## **Novel Calibration Method**



- Light source is moved to uniformly distributed positions across the telescope aperture window
- Triangular grid with 6 cm spacing
   → ~1700 points

Reproducibility of the Method

- Measurements performed in March 2019 and November 2019 with identical settings and setup
  - On average ~1% change in PMT signals



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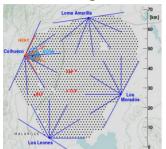
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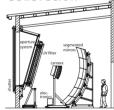


## The Pierre Auger Observatory



- •1660 surface detector stations
- •27 fluorescence detectors (FD) at 4 sites

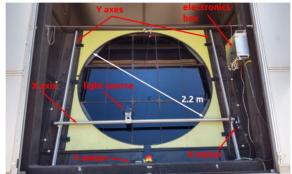
## Fluorescence Telescopes & Calibration





- Large aperture fluorescence telescopes
- •440 pixel PMT-camera
- •Nightly relative calibration
- •Current absolute calibration method (drum)
- •Illumination of the full aperture with uniform large-diameter light source
- •Calibration of the large source difficult
- •Large team required
- •Correction for back-reflections at the filter

## The XY Scanner Stage



#### XY Scanner System:

- compact light source moved across aperture opening
- Motorized positioning system
- •Two vertical, one horizontal linear stages
- •Sub-millimeter relative precision
- •Auto-correction of missed steps

#### Calibration Light Source:

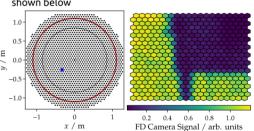
- Portable light source
- •General purpose integrating sphere
- •13.5 cm diameter
- •5.04 cm exit port
- Modified to match closer to Lambertian emitter
- •Temperature stabilized LED
- •λ = 365 nm, 5 μs long pulses
- Photodiode monitors pulse-to-pulse stability
- •Intensity calibrated in the laboratory at 3.5% level





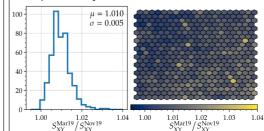
### Novel Calibration Method

- •Light source is moved to uniformly distributed positions across the FD aperture window
- •Flashing frequency limited to 1 Hz by FD electronics
- •Triangular grid with 6 cm spacing  $\rightarrow$  ~1700 points
- •Tradeoff between measuring time and aperture coverage
- •Readout of the FD camera for a given position shown below



#### Reproducibility of the Method:

- PMT signal ratios between measurements performed in March and November 2019
- •Identical settings and setup
- •On average ~1% change in the PMT signals
- •Reproducibility at 1% level



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