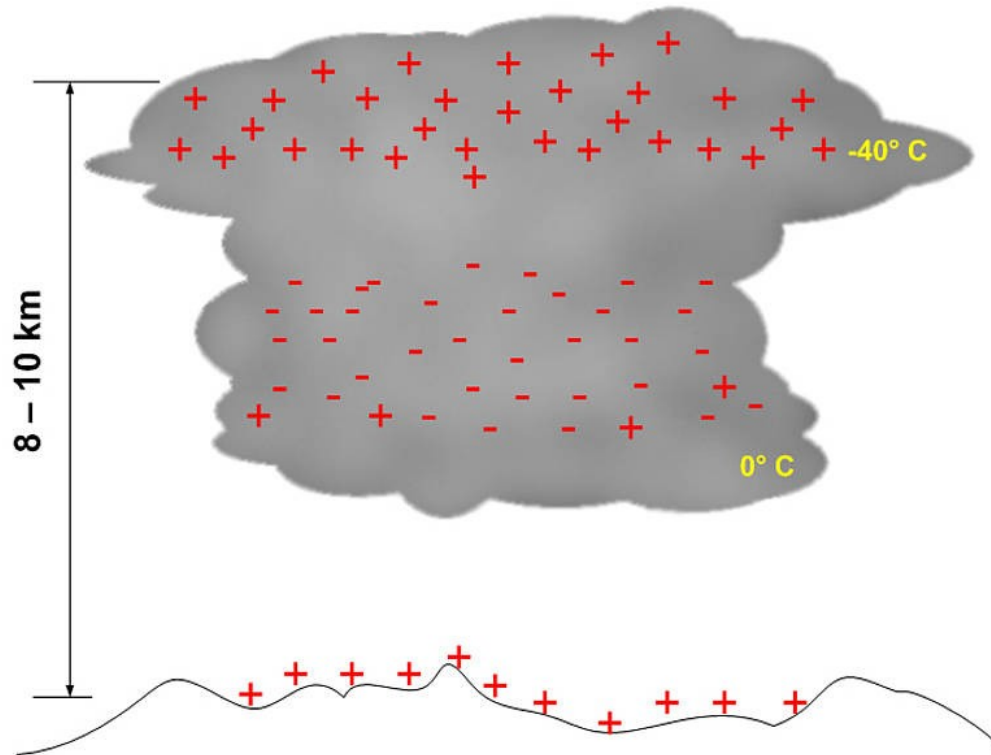


# The azimuthal distribution of thunderstorm events recorded by the GRAPES-3 experiment

B. Hariharan, GRAPES-3, TIFR  
PoS(ICRC2021)378

# Thunderstorm

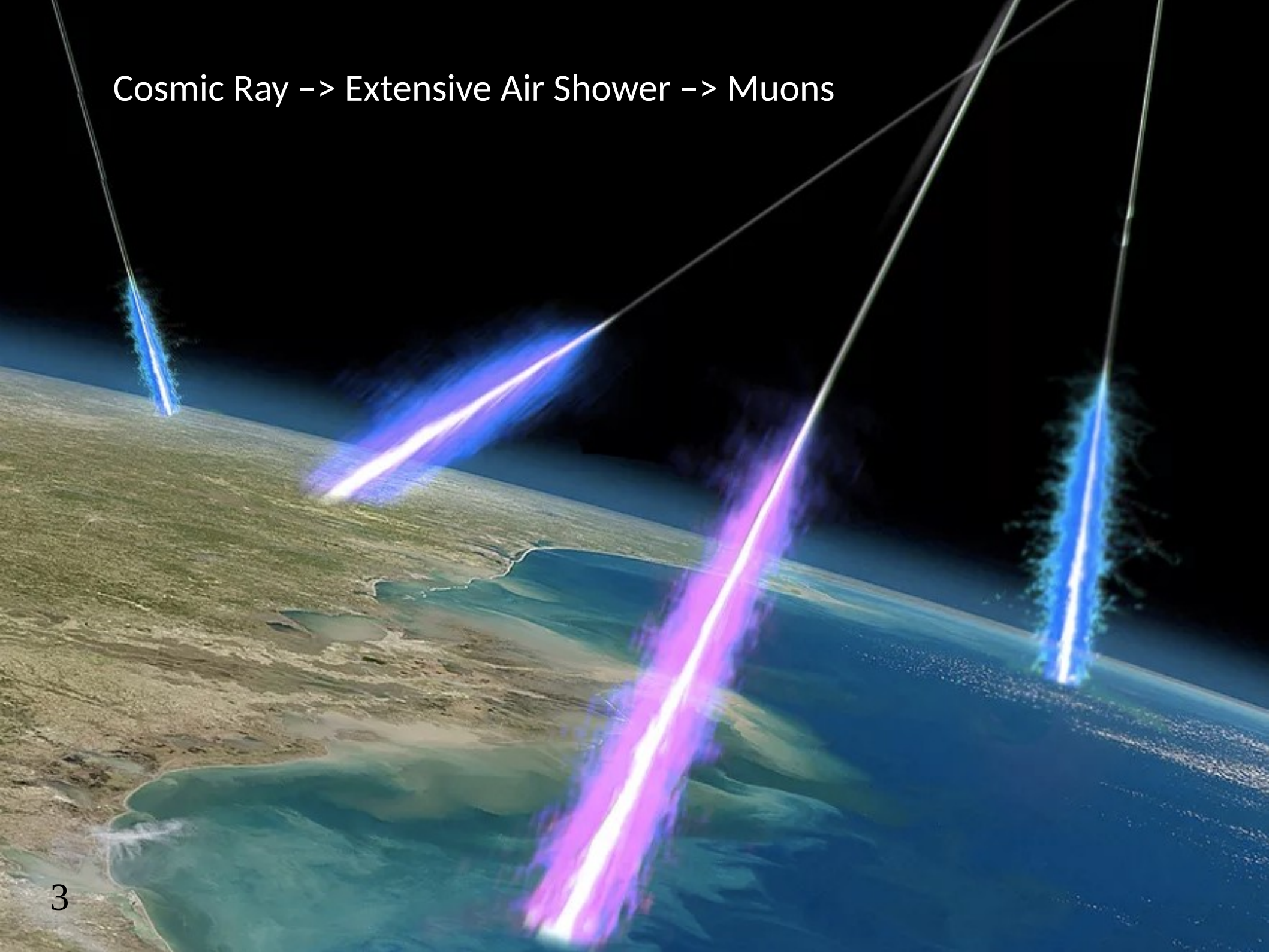


Dipolar structure (actual structure is complex)

$V > 1$  billion volts (predicted by C.T.R. Wilson 90 years ago)

Measurements?

Cosmic Ray → Extensive Air Shower → Muons

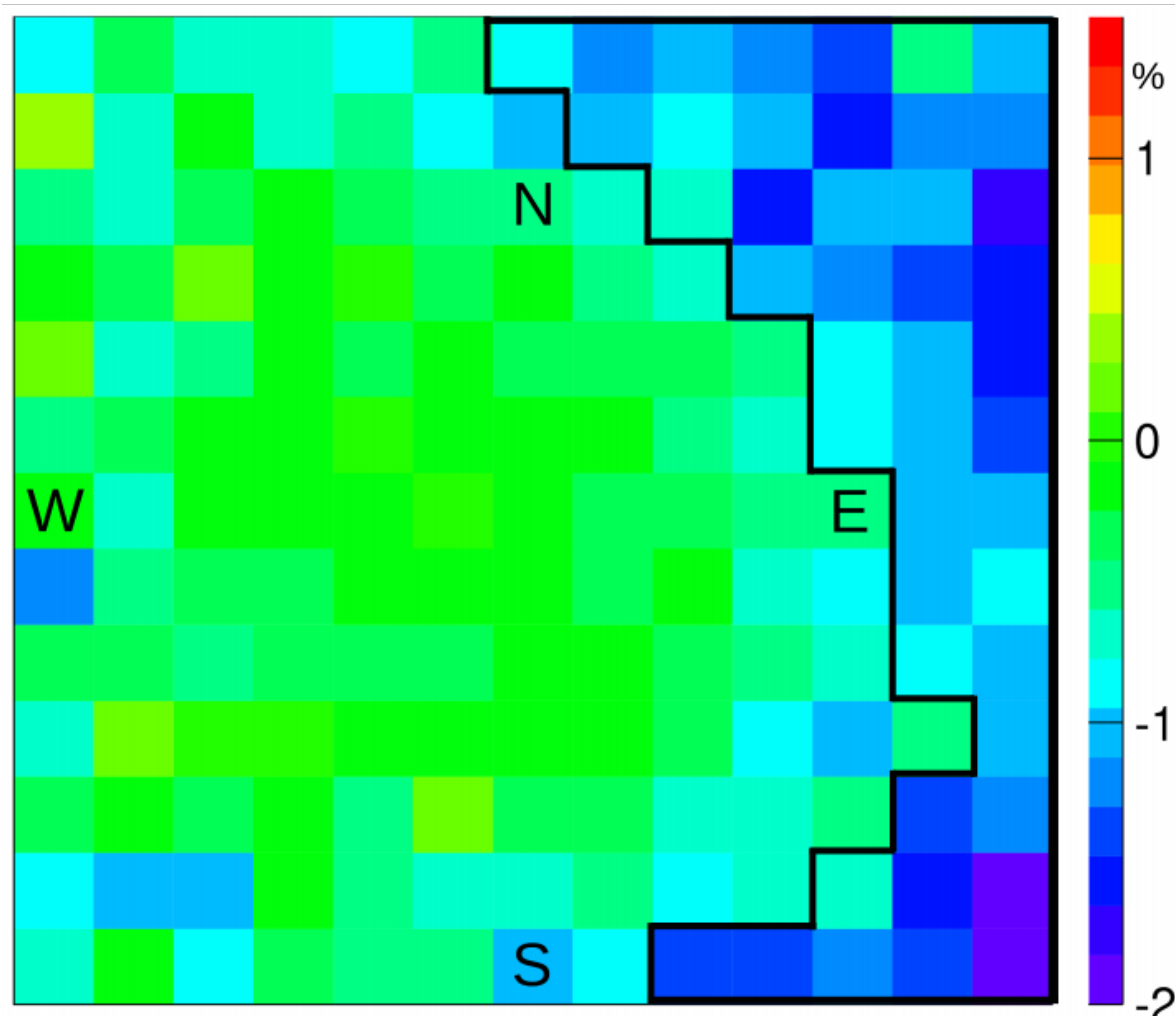


# The GRAPES-3 Experiment, Cosmic Ray Laboratory, Ooty

## Muon Telescope

- 3712 PRCs
- 16 Modules
- Area 560 m<sup>2</sup>
- 169 Directions
- $\text{Sec}(\theta)$  GeV
- 4 billion muons/day
- 40-50 events/year

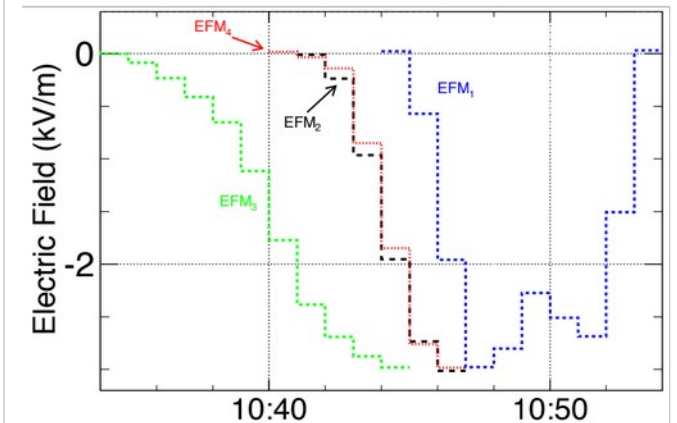
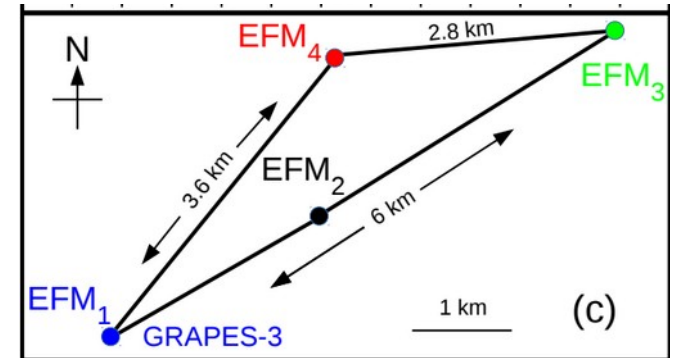
# Muon image of event 1<sup>st</sup> Dec 2014



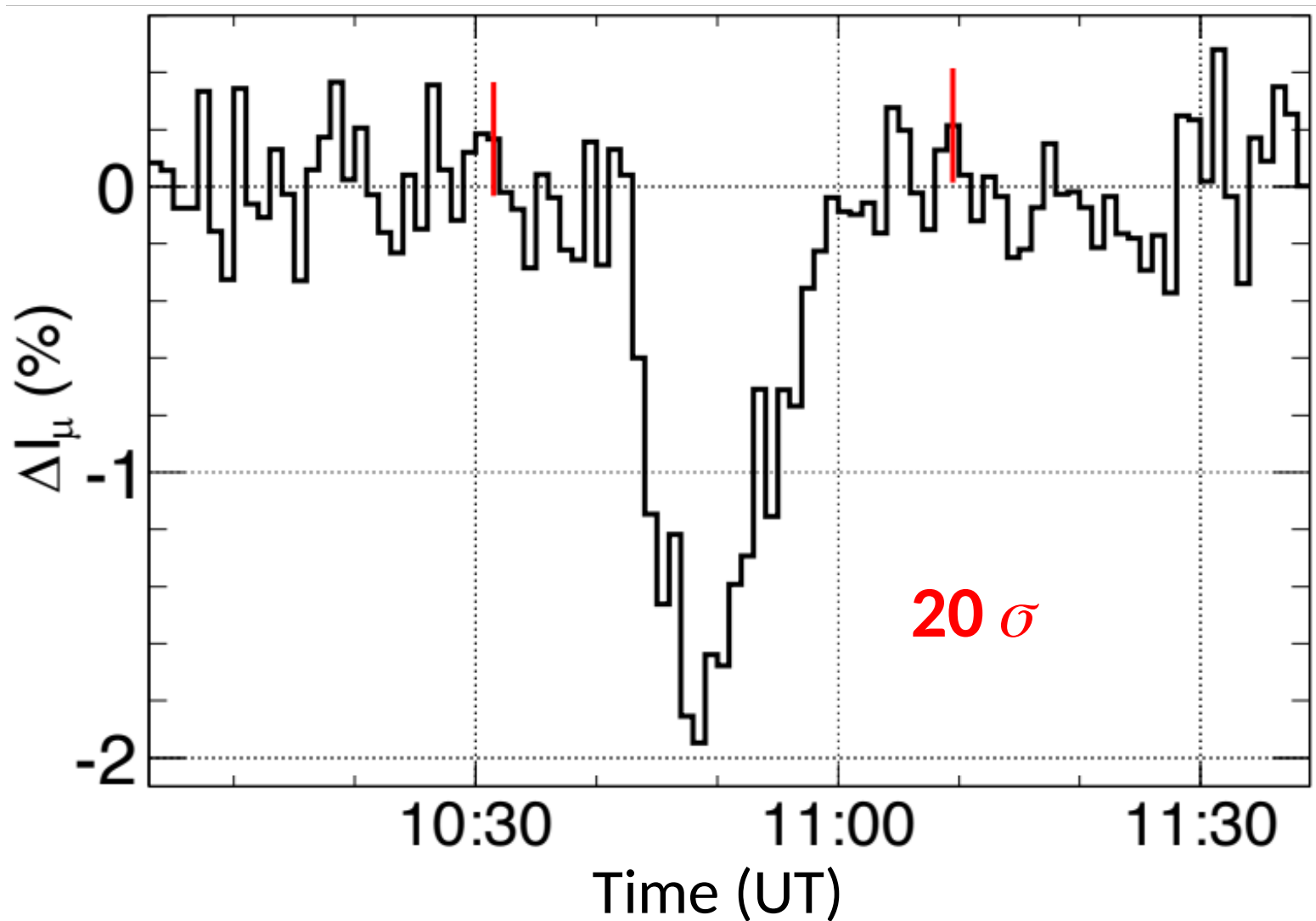
18 minutes

45 directions

## EFM – Electric Field Mill

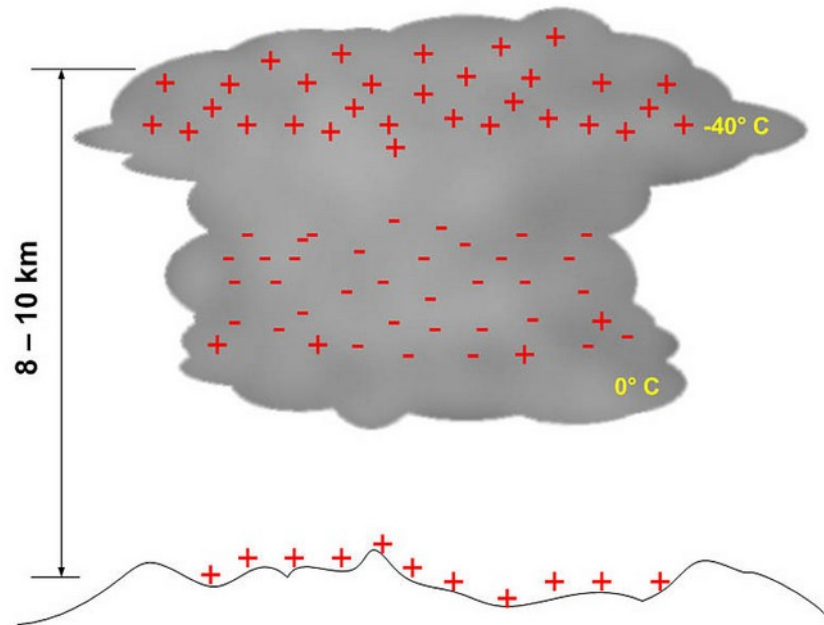


# Muon intensity variation on 1<sup>st</sup> Dec 2014

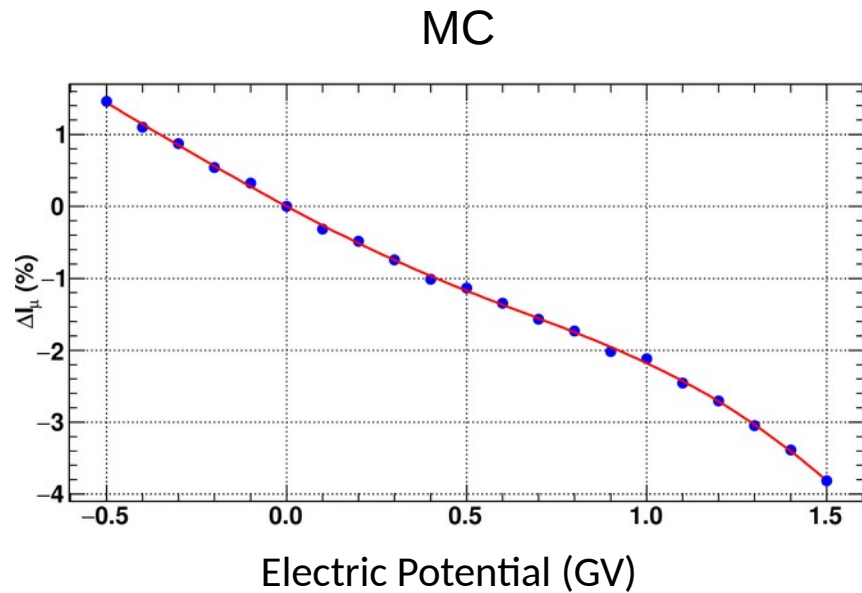


# Monte Carlo simulation

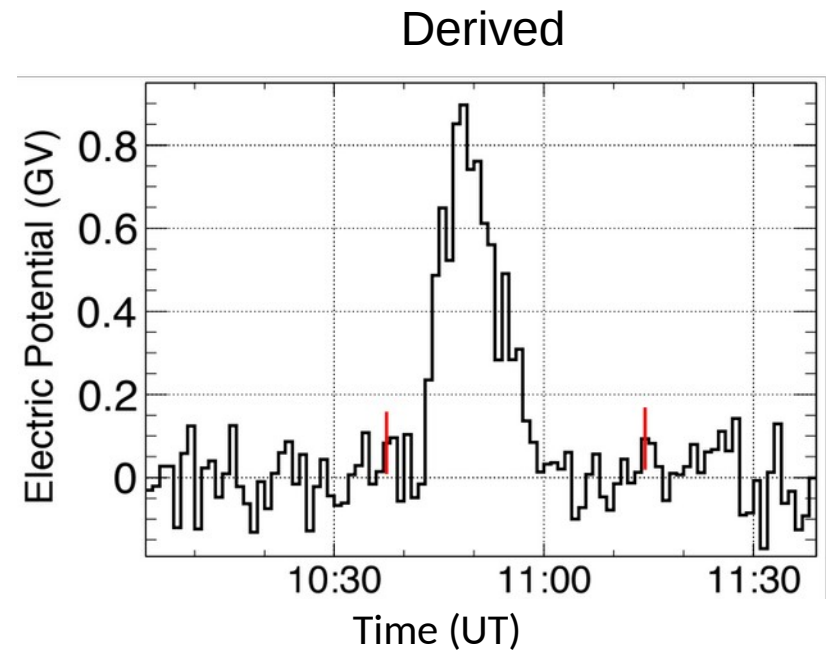
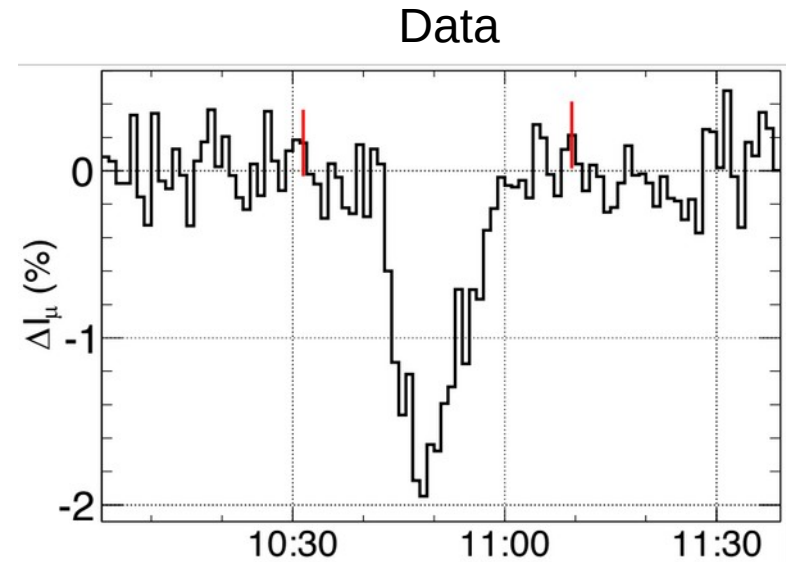
- CORSIKA and in-house
- 169 direction simulation (accuracy of  $\sim 0.1\%$ )
- Cloud model inside CORSIKA



# Monte Carlo simulation



- $\Delta I_{\mu(\text{Peak})} = (-2 \pm 0.2) \%$
- $V_{\text{Peak}} = (0.90 \pm 0.08) \text{ GV}$





# Cloud movement

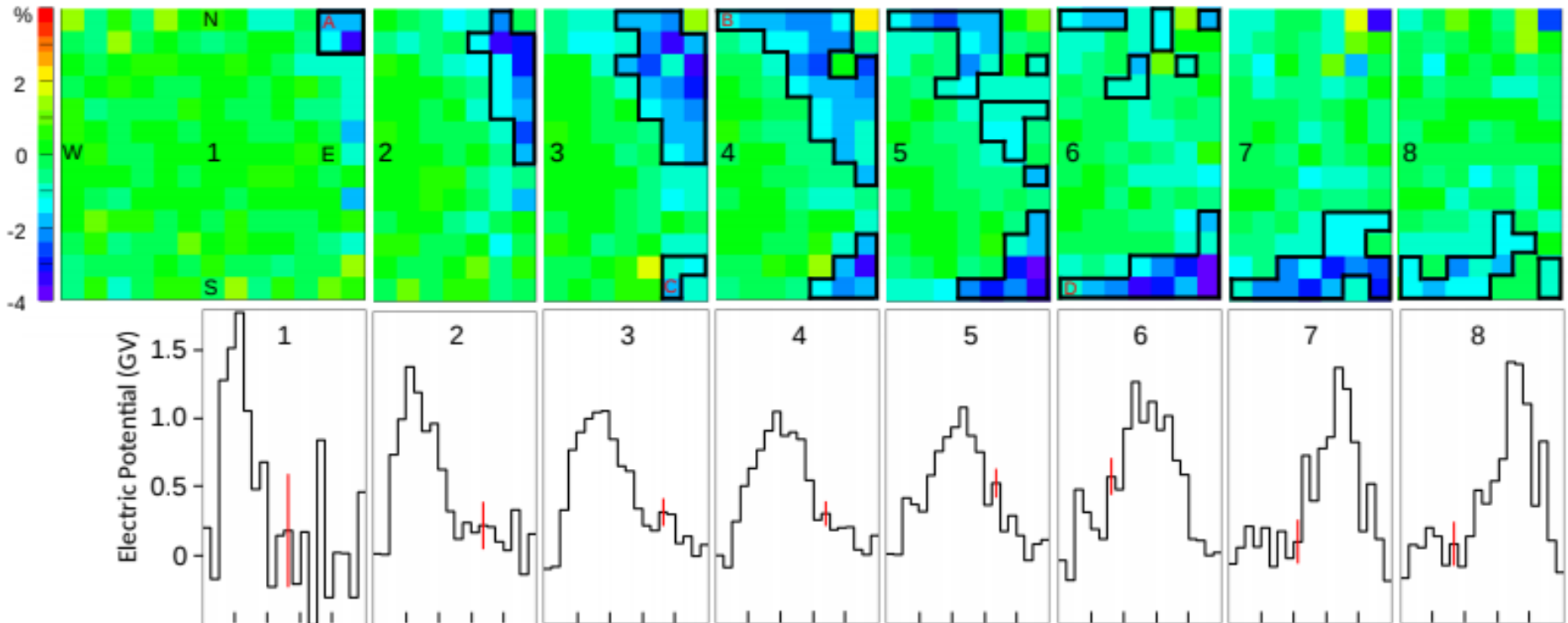


Image	Dir	V (GV)	Image	Dir	V (GV)
1	4	1.8	5	28	1.1
2	12	1.4	6	23	1.2
3	23	1.0	7	16	1.3
4	32	1.0	8	13	1.4

- Mean V = 1.3 GV
- Angular Velocity =  $6.2^\circ \text{ min}^{-1}$

# Electrical properties of the cloud

- Mean  $V = 1.3 \text{ GV}$
- Lin. Vel. =  $60 \text{ km hr}^{-1}$
- Ang. Vel. =  $6.2^\circ \text{ min}^{-1}$
- Height =  $11.4 \text{ km amsl}$
- Radius  $\geq 11 \text{ km}$
- Area  $\geq 380 \text{ km}^2$
- $C \geq 0.85 \text{ } \mu\text{F}$
- $Q \geq 1100 \text{ C}$
- $E \geq 720 \text{ GJ}$
- $P \geq 2 \text{ GW}$

- Comparable to biggest nuclear reactor / hydroelectric / thermal power plants
- Enough to power a big town

**B. Hariharan et al.,  
Physical Review Letters 122, 105101 (2019)  
(Focus article & Editors' suggestion)**

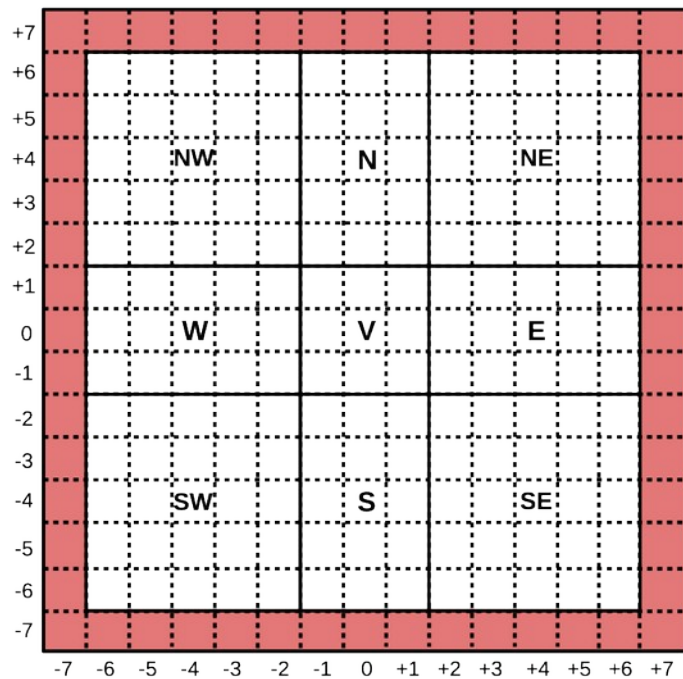
**Giga-Volt natural particle accelerator above our head !!!**

# Event statistics

Year	# of events
2011	49
2012	43
2013	40
2014	52
2015	46

Year	# of events
2016	18
2017	49
2018	48
2019	88
2020	54
<b>Total</b>	<b>487</b>

# Distribution of events

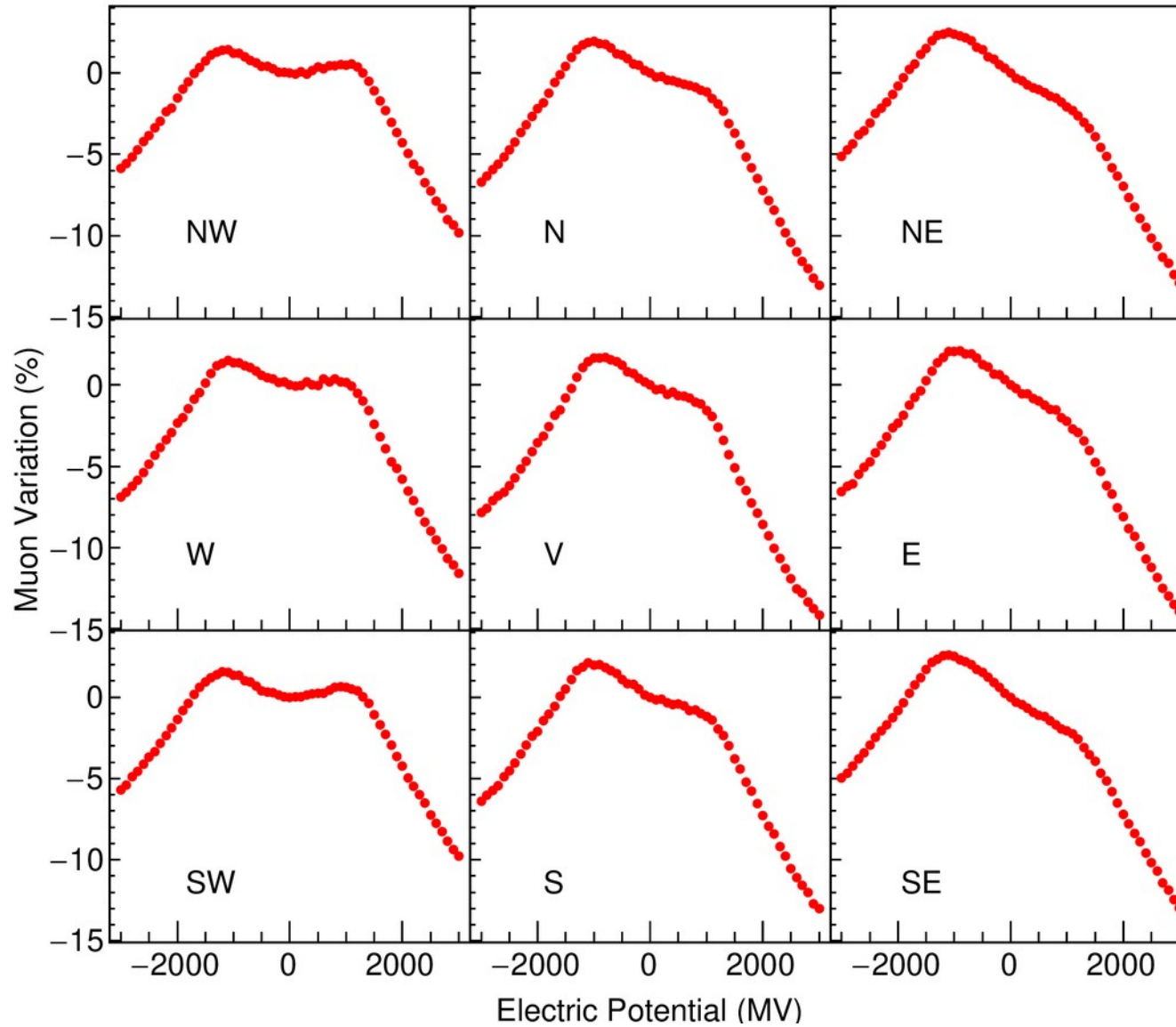


Muon directions in  
GRAPES-3 FOV

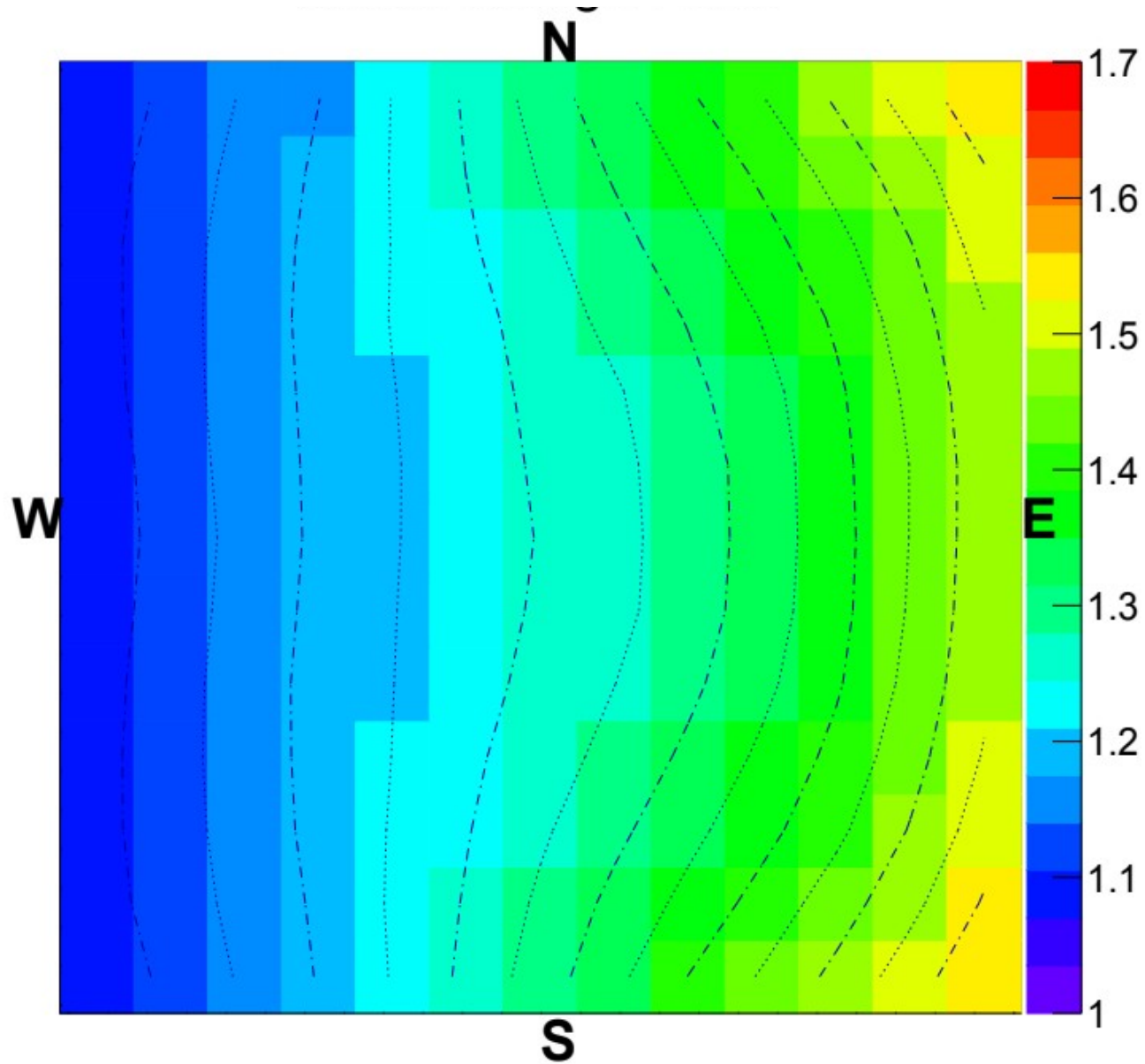
6.2	1.8	30.1
0.6	0.2	2.8
7.0	2.8	48.6

(% of events)

# Simulation of 9-direction



# Muon charge ratio



# Conclusions

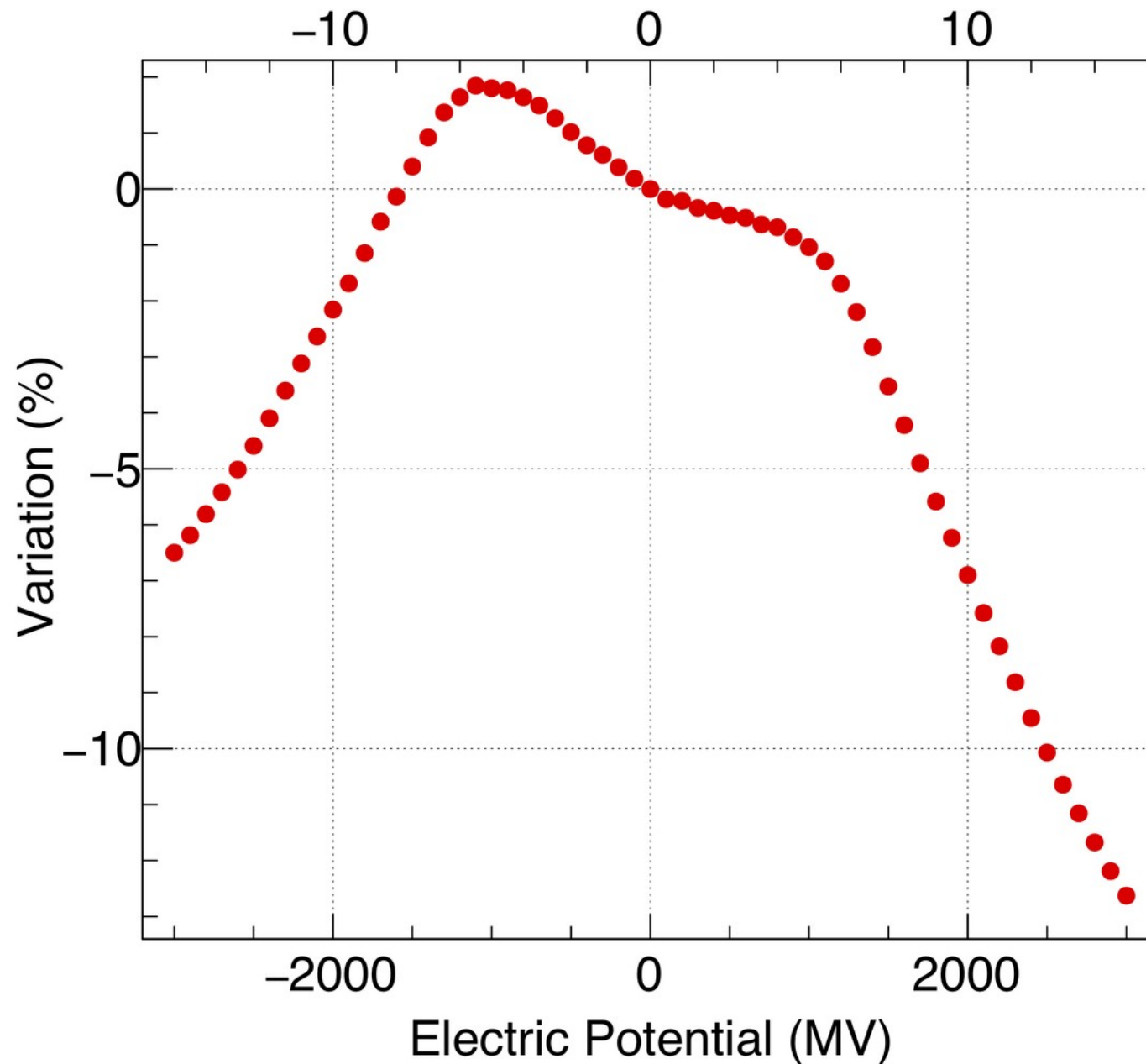
- 487 significant thunderstorm events during (Apr 2011 – Dec 2020)
- Azimuthal asymmetry in the event distribution
- Explained with aid of Monte Carlo
- Caused by the muon charge ratio

Thank You



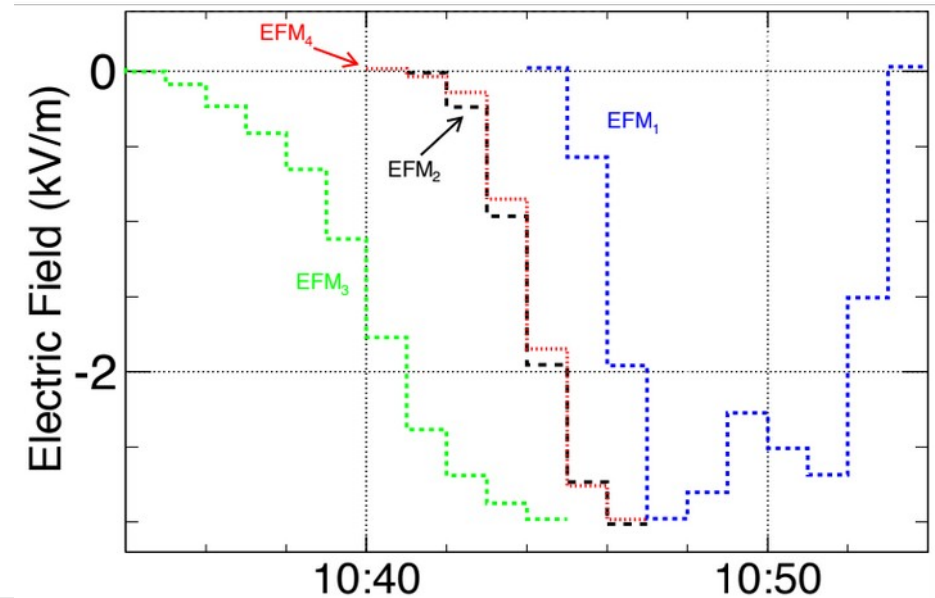
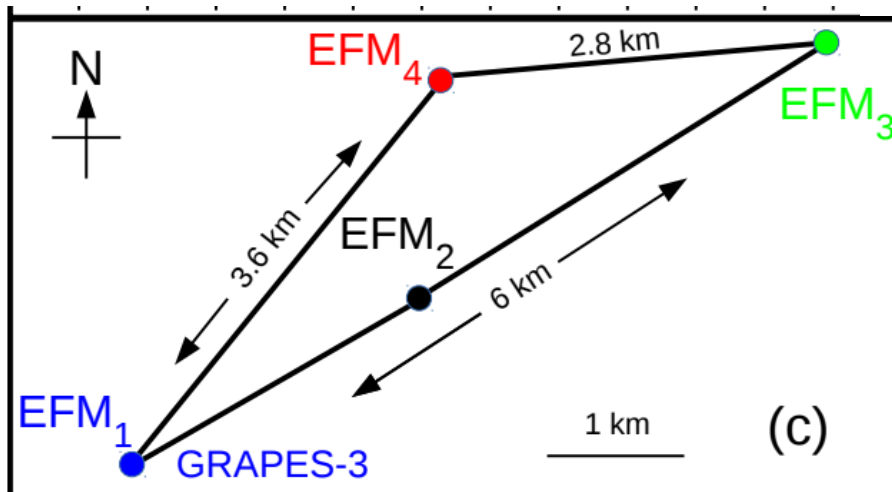
# Backup Slides

# Monte Carlo simulation



# Electric Field Mills

- 4 Monitors
- Maximum distance of 6 km



- Velocity = 60 km hr<sup>-1</sup>