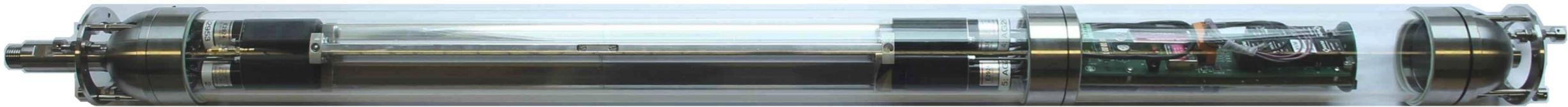


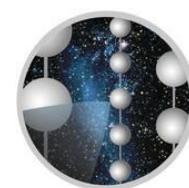
Measurement with the UV Calibration Device 2019/20

ICRC 2021



Jannes Brostean-Kaiser
Zeuthen, 01.06.2021

HELMHOLTZ RESEARCH FOR
GRAND CHALLENGES

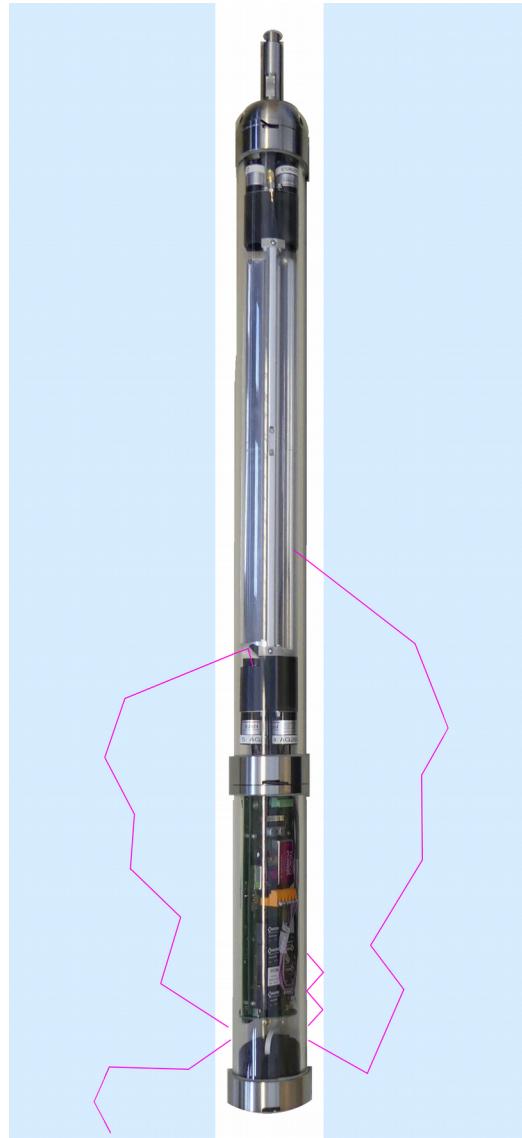


ICECUBE
SOUTH POLE NEUTRINO OBSERVATORY

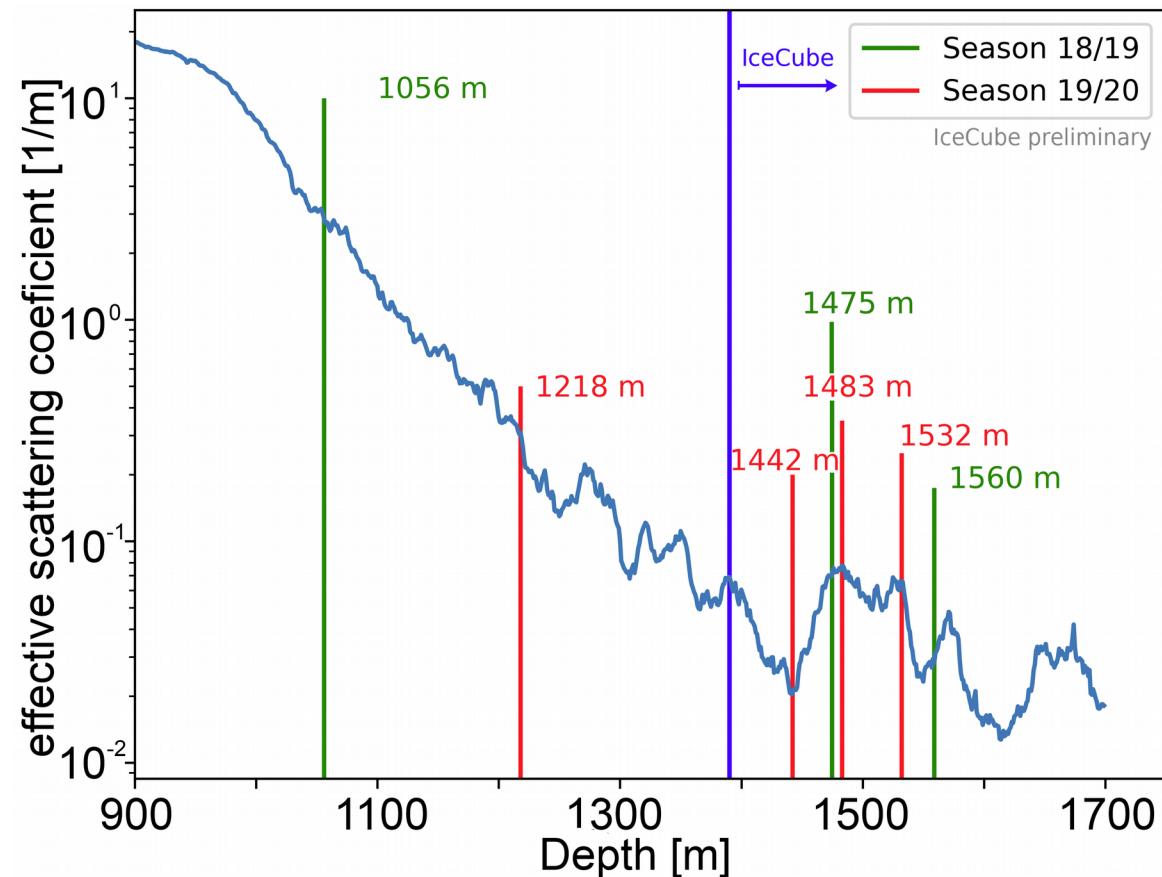


UV Calibration device

2018/2019 & 2019/2020



Wavelengths:	2018/2019	2019/2020
	278 nm	245 nm (2x)
		310 nm
		370 nm



UV Calibration device

Design & Development



Top endcap
with winch connector



Detector

Main/UV board

Bottom endcap



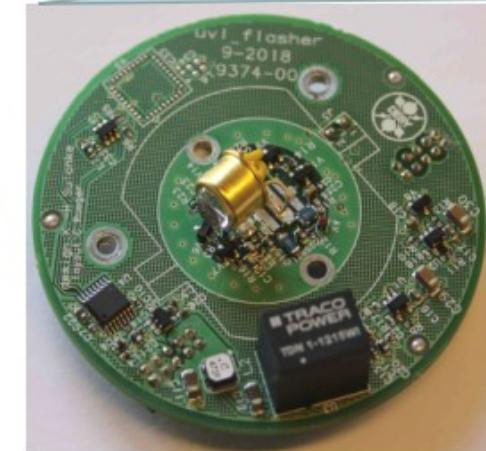
3 top PMTs

Aluminum
mirror

Wavelength
shifting rod



3 bottom PMTs



Flasherboard

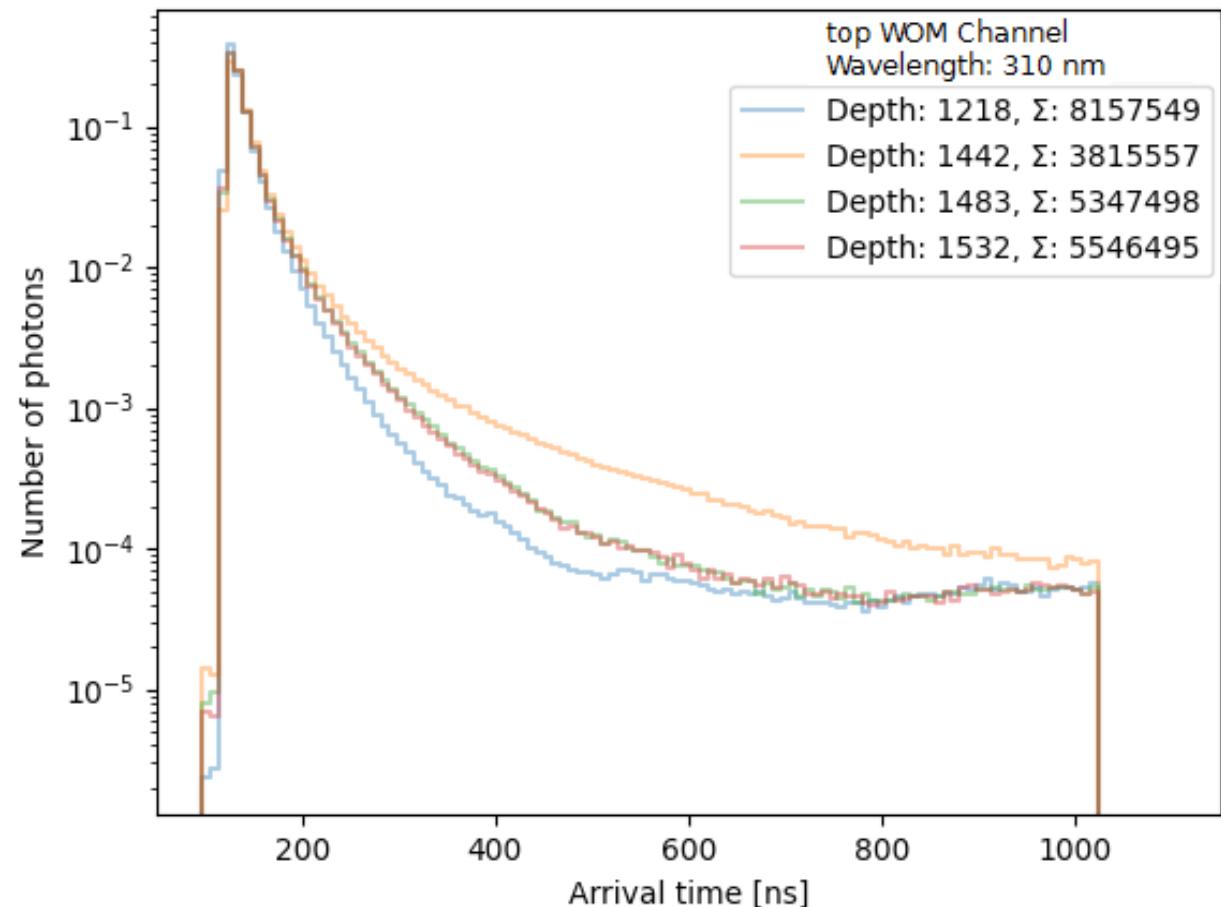
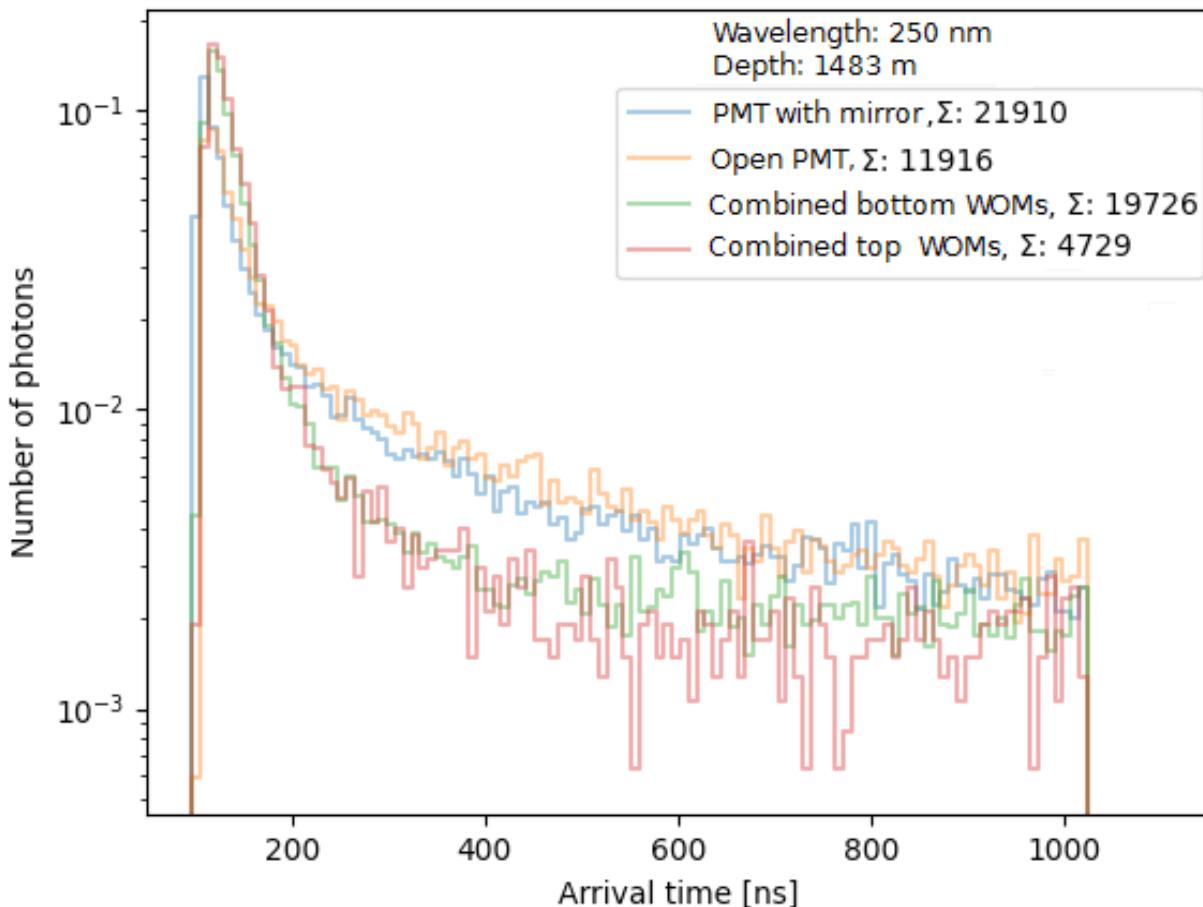


Harness



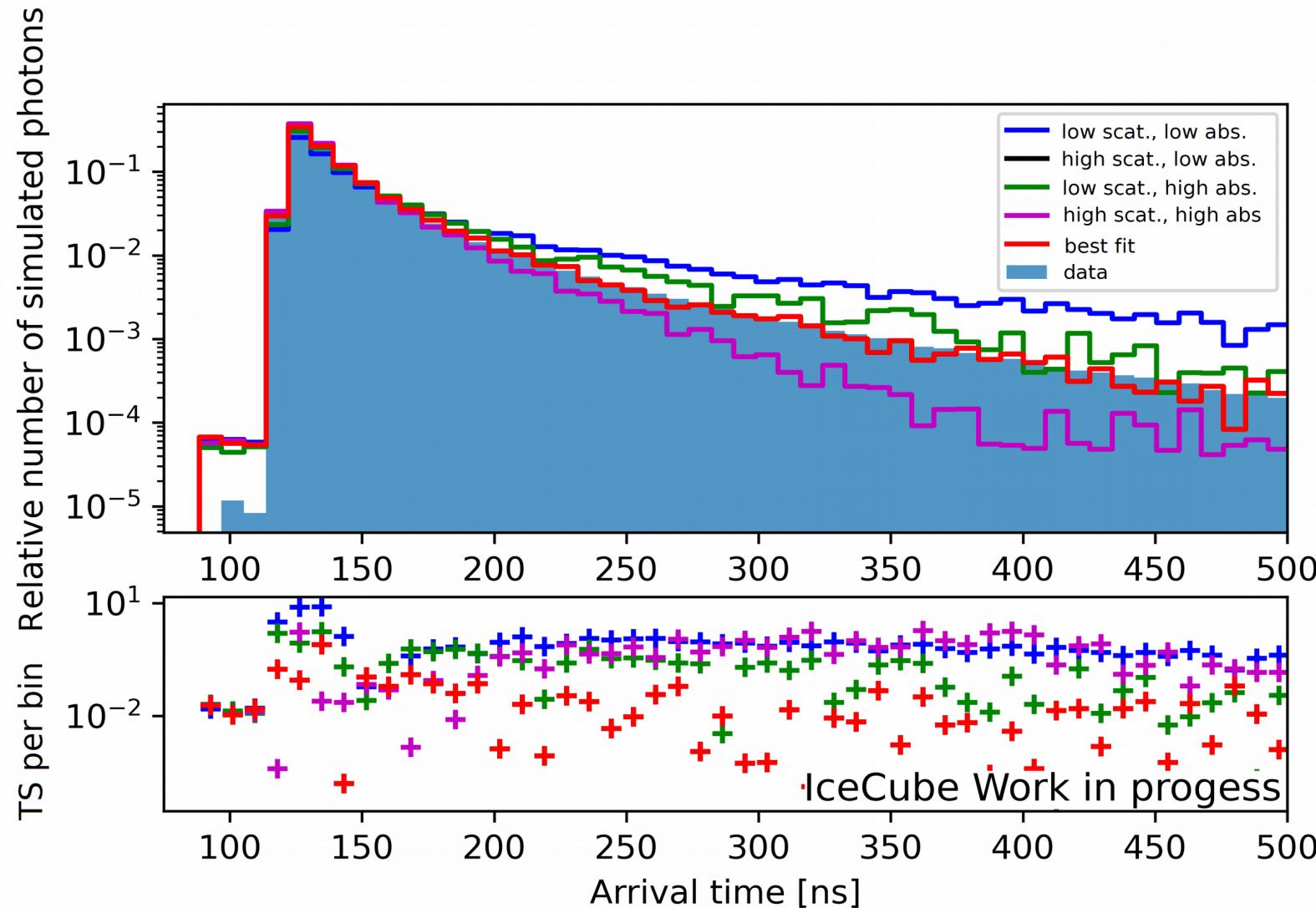
Measurement

Two example datasets of measurement



Data Analysis

Comparison to a simulation



Simulation with Rayleigh Scattering:
 $(1 - \cos(\theta))^2$ distribution

$$TS = \sum_{i=1}^N \frac{(d_i - a_i \cdot N_d/N_a)^2}{d_i + a_i \cdot N_d^2/N_a^2}$$

Fit Parameter:

- Scattering coefficient
- Absorption coefficient

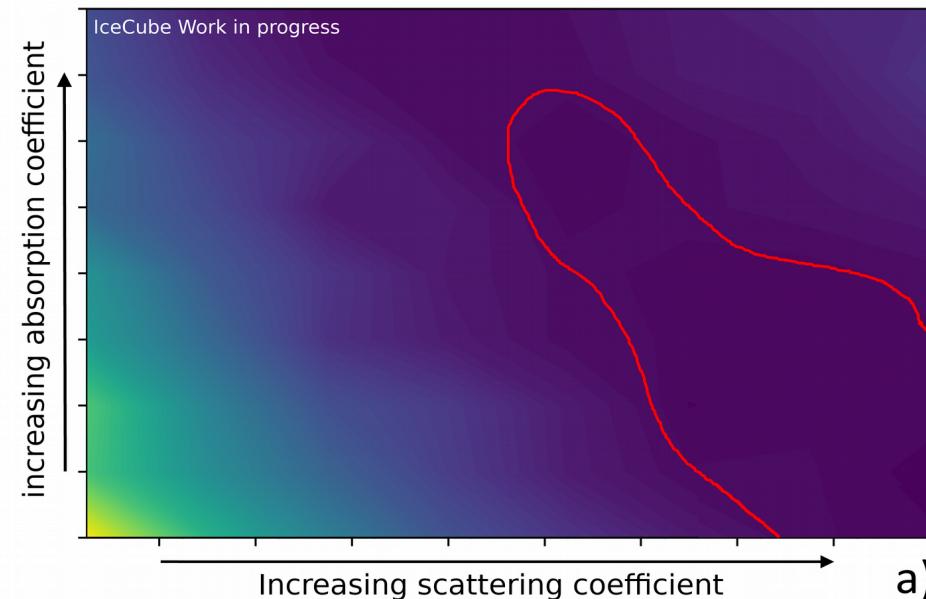
Offset fitted as additional parameter for every Channel

2D Scans

Parameter scan for every measurement

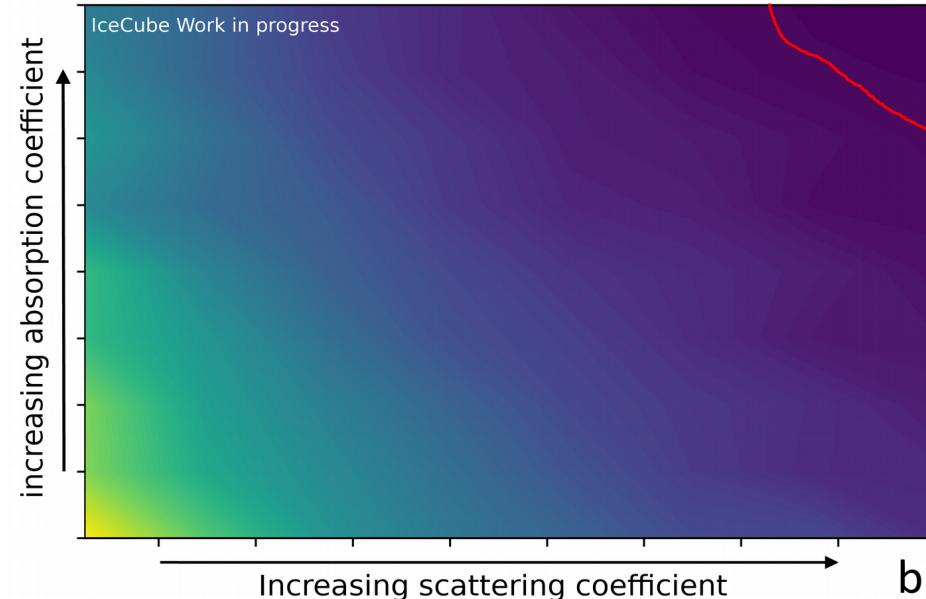


Channel 1

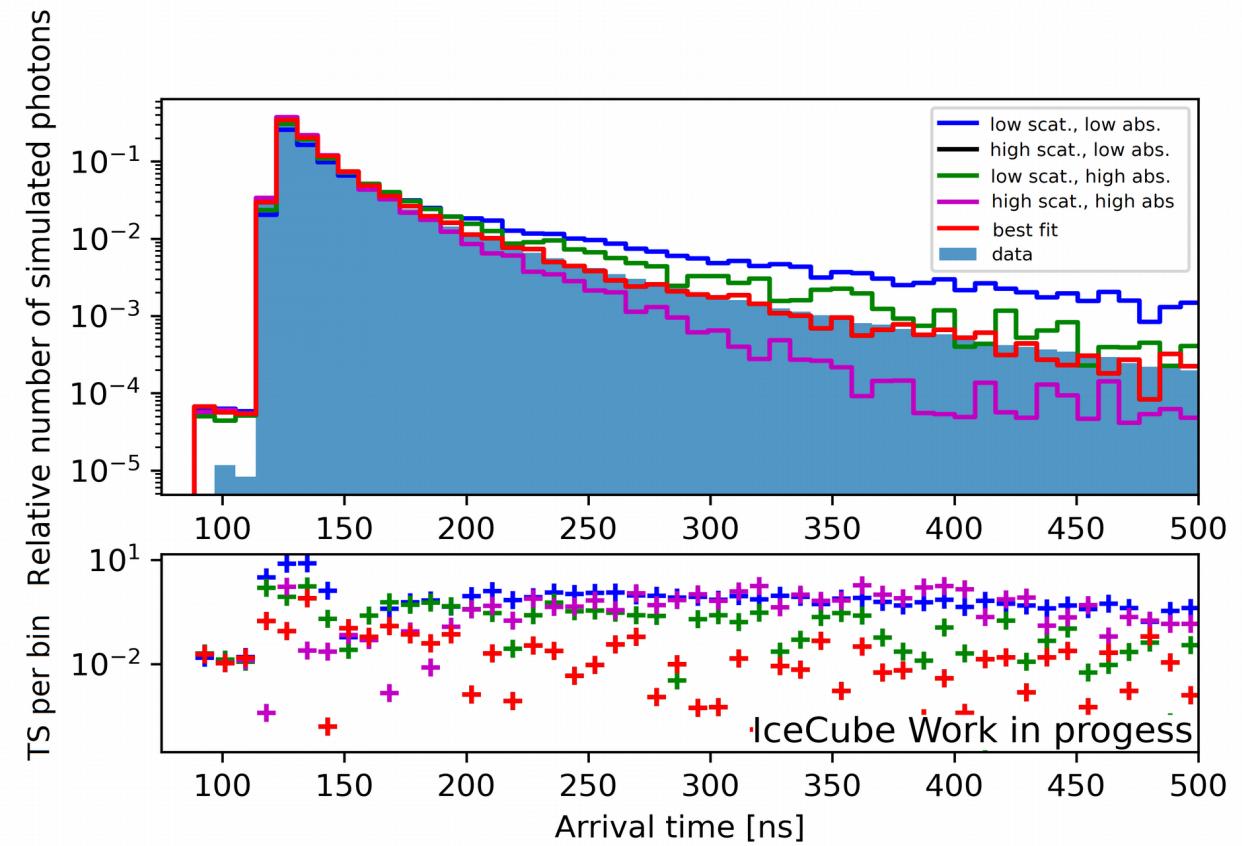


a)

Channel 2



b)

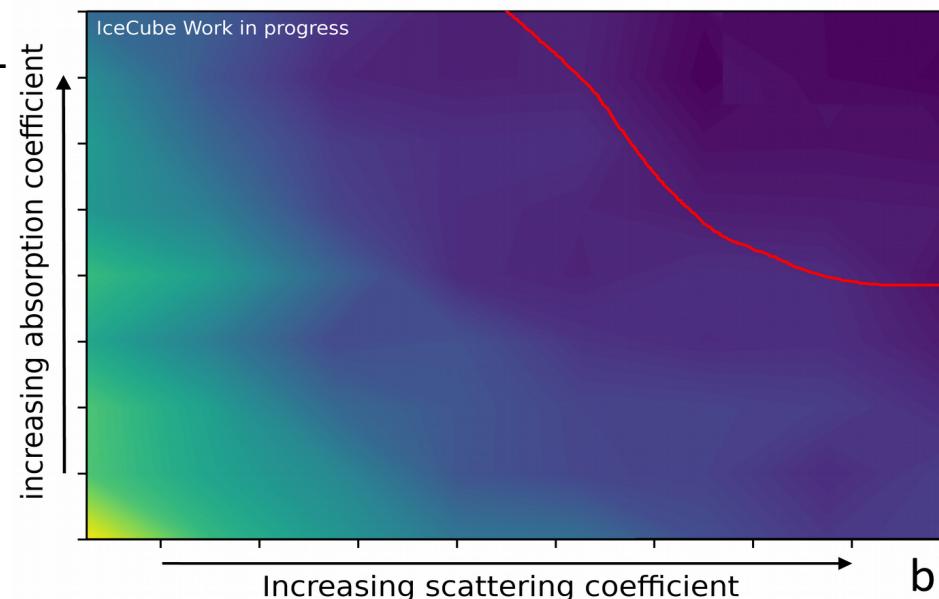


2D Scans

Parameter scan for every measurement

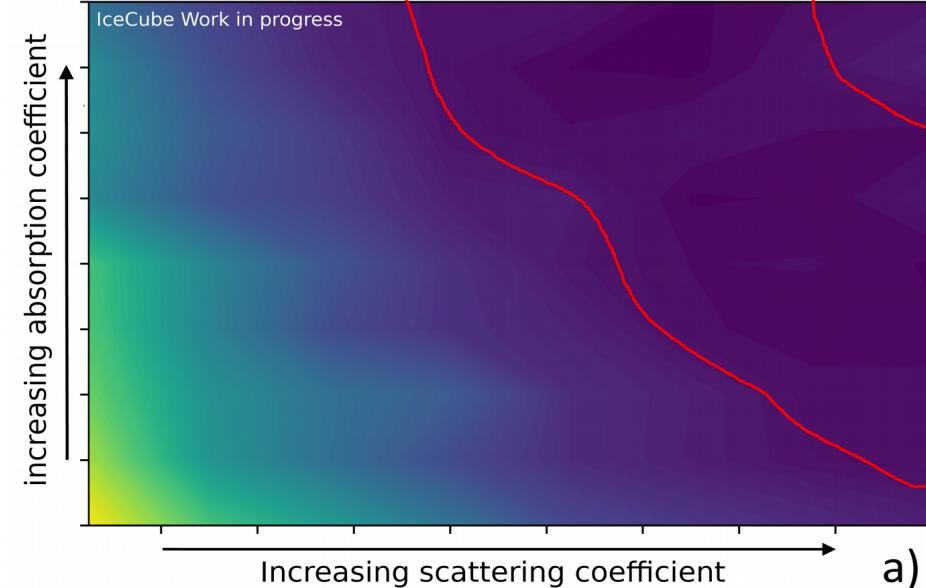


Channel 1



b)

Channel 2



a)

