

Search for nuclearites with the ANTARES detector

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The ANTARES detector

ANTARES (Astronomy with a Neutrino Telescope and Abyss environmental RESearch) is a Cherenkov based neutrino telescope deployed at a depth of 2450 m in the Mediterranean Sea, 42 km offshore from Toulon in France. It consists of:

- 12 detection lines of about 450 m length.
- 25 floors separated by 14.5 m for each line.
- 3 optical modules per floor, each one contains 10 inch photomultiplier tube (PMT).

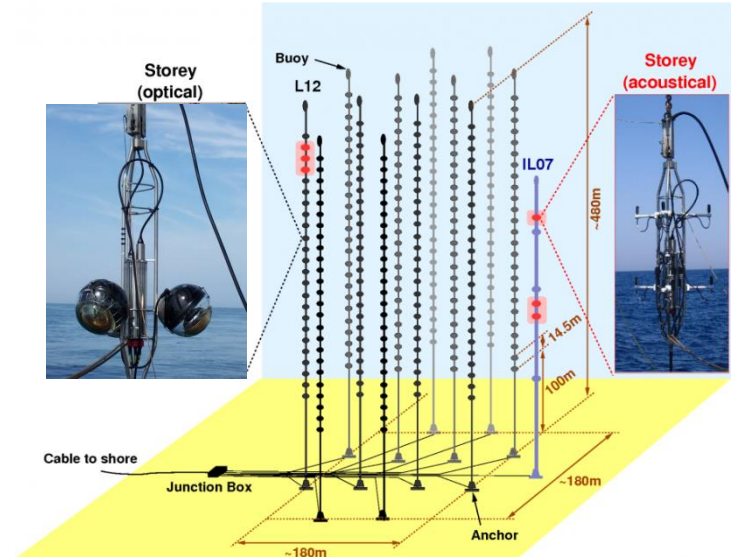


Figure 1: Schematic view of the ANTARES detector

Analysis

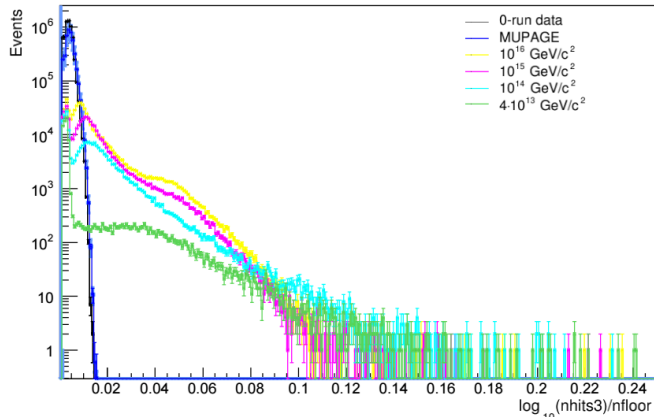


Figure 2. Distribution of $\log_{10}(\text{nhits3})/\text{nfloor}$ parameter

The analysis aims to separate nuclearites from any other particles that could reach the ANTARES detector.

Monte Carlo simulation



100 nuclearite events / mass / run -- $\beta = 10^{-3}$

3D & T3 triggers

The nuclearite signal is characterized by:

- a large number of fired PMTs ;
- many hits with large amplitude , ≥ 3 photoelectrons (nhits3);
- many detector floors (nfloor) crossed ;
- a long transit time (dt) in the detector;

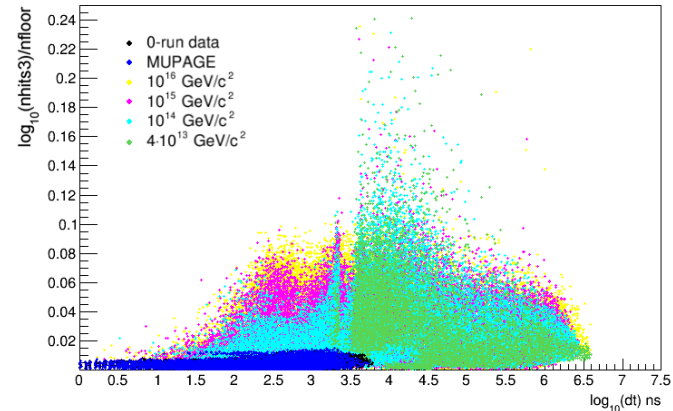


Figure 3. 2D distribution of $\log_{10}(\text{nhits3})/\text{nfloor}$ versus $\log_{10}(\text{dt})$ ns.

Optimization

lack of statistics in the distributions tails

↓
 Extrapolation

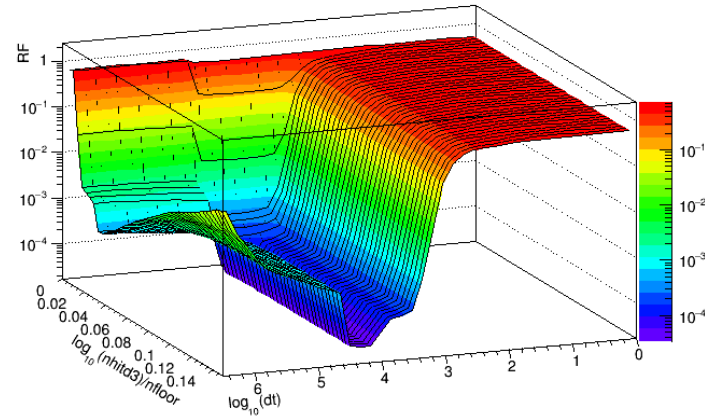


Figure 4. Example of the RF for nuclearites with mass $4 \times 10^{13} \text{ GeV}/c^2$



The optimisation of the cuts

↓
 minimizing the rejection factor (RF)

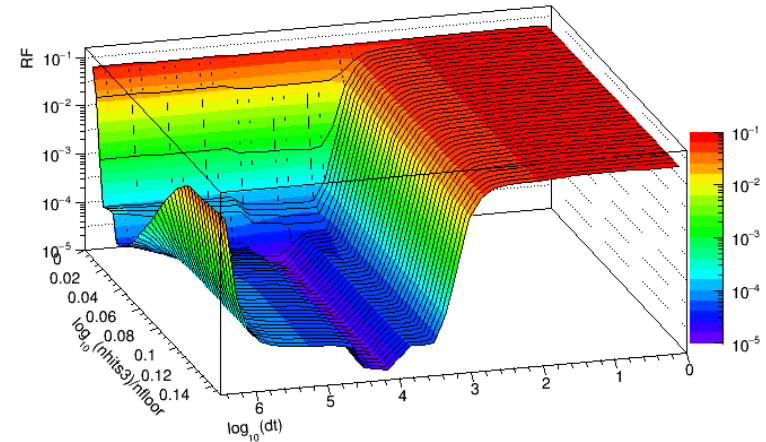


Figure 5. Example of the RF for nuclearites with mass $10^{16} \text{ GeV}/c^2$

Results and discussions

Optimization



Best cuts



Compute the sensitivity

If no candidate found in the forthcoming analyses, the new flux limit will improve the MACRO and SLIM upper limits.

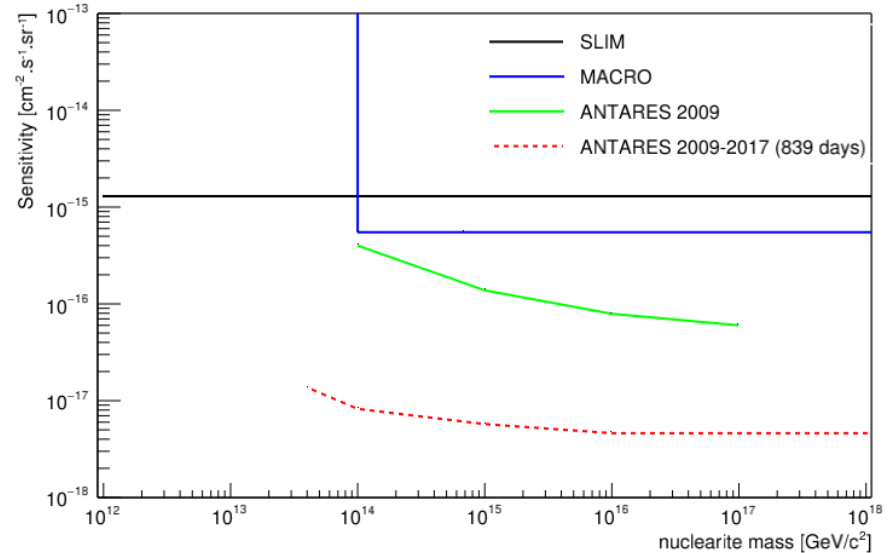


Figure 6. .ANTARES sensitivity for nuclearites by using 839 days livetime of data at 90% of C.L.

Thank you for your attention



Enjoy the Conference!!